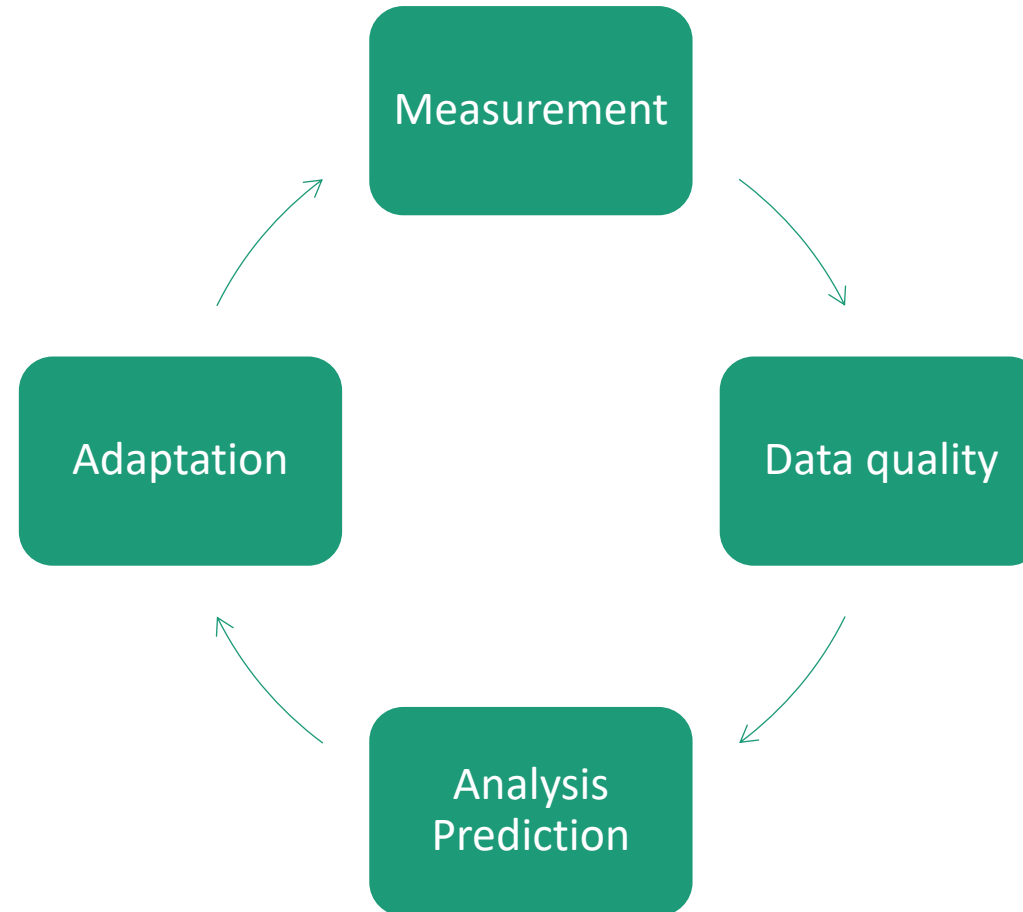


# Statistic tools for the on-line interpretation of DPF on-board control signals

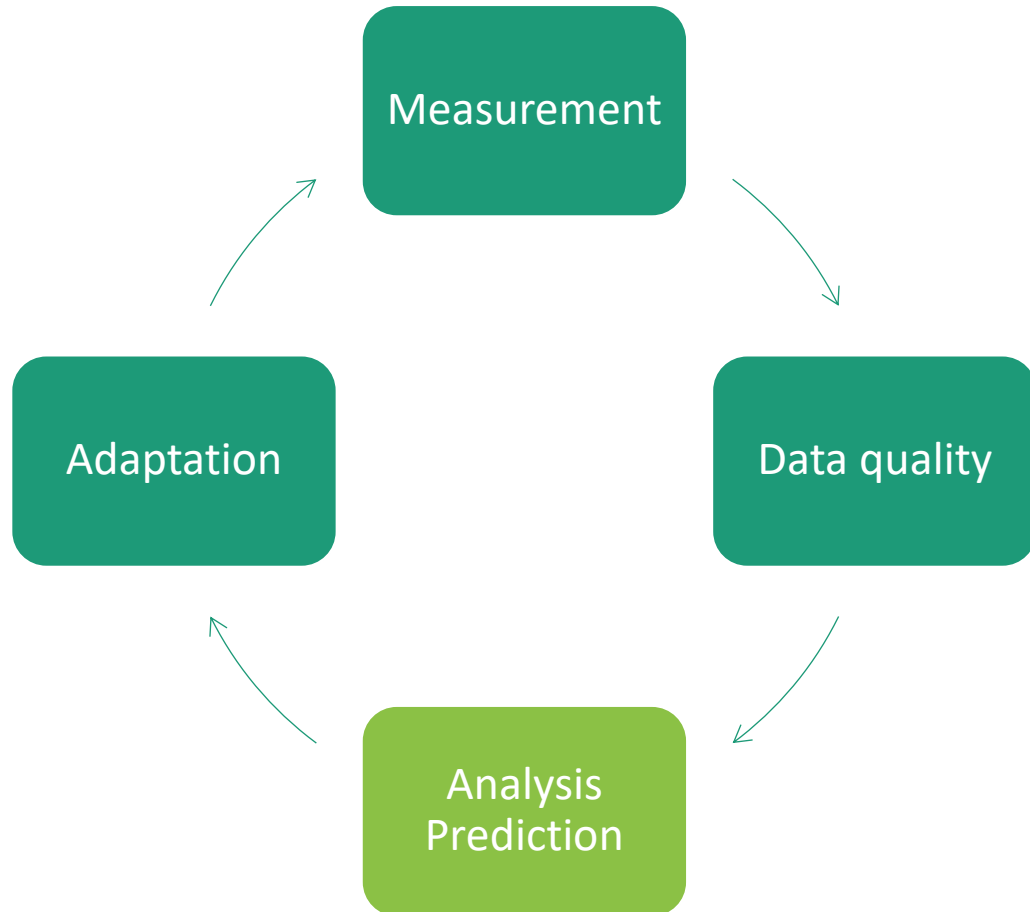
Lukas Fabrykowski (lukas@fabrykowski.com)

Friedrich Legerer

# Measurement-cycle

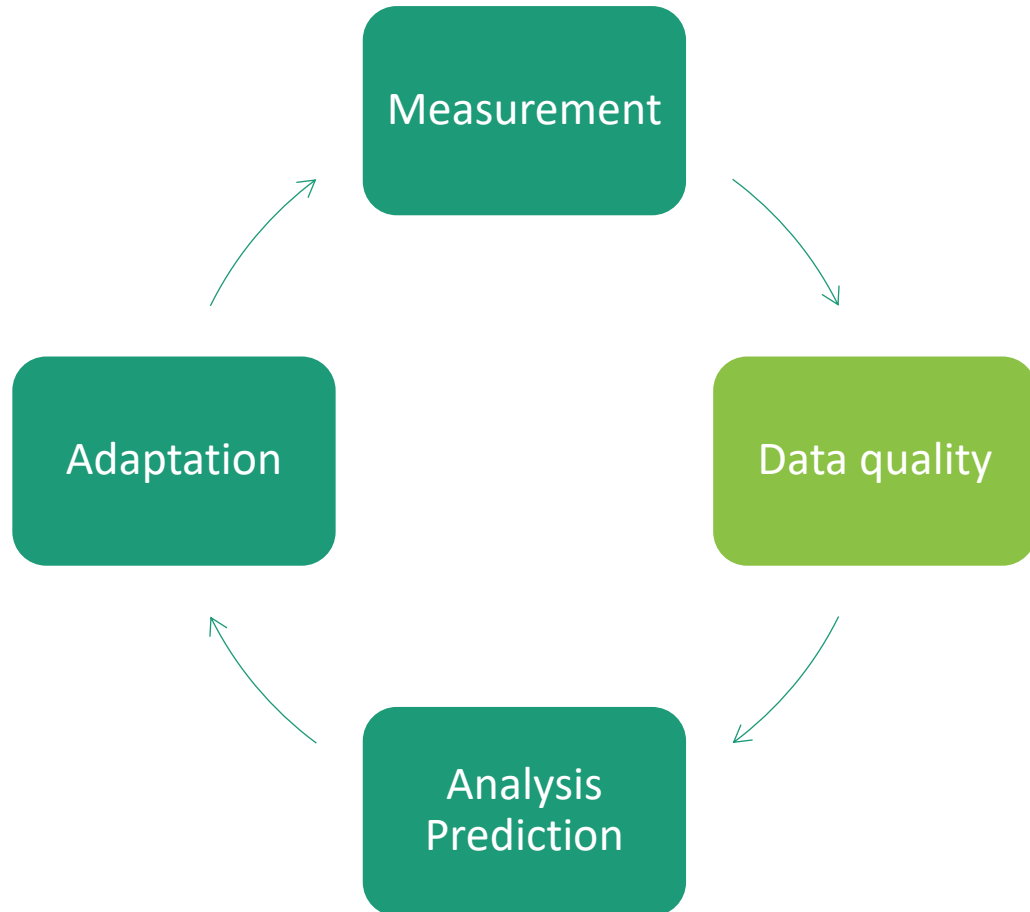


# Targets



Analysis and prediction of key values to support fleet management and engineering

# Targets



Automated analysis and detection of data faults and preparation of data for further analysis and prediction

IF YOU TORTURE THE DATA LONG ENOUGH,  
IT WILL CONFESS.

Prof. Ronald Coase

British economist, laureate in Nobel Memorial Prize in Economic Sciences 1991

# Unexpected data

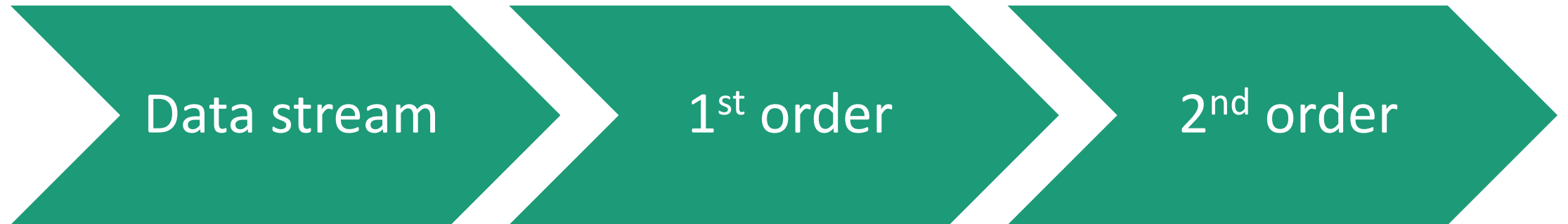
## **Measurement**

- Sensor
- On-site chip
- Data transmission
- Off-site chip
- etc.

## **Filter**

- Coking
- Partial regeneration
- leakage
- etc.

# Increasing complexity of analysis



# Data stream

- No data manipulation
- On-line
  
- Multiple time stamps
- Hard upper or lower bounds



# 1<sup>st</sup> order

- Grouping, splitting
- Immediate history
  
- Too short measurements
- Operation cycle
  - Block of continuous measurements
- Upper or lower bounds
  - Ratio of cycle

# 2<sup>nd</sup> order

- Statistical analysis, calculus
- Entire history
  
- 1<sup>st</sup> / 2<sup>nd</sup> derivative
- Variance
- Entropy / efficiency

# Entropy

- 19<sup>th</sup> century: Rudolf Clausius (classical thermodynamics)
- 2<sup>nd</sup> half of 19<sup>th</sup> century: Ludwig Boltzman (statistical mechanics)
- 1948: Claude Shannon (information theory)

$$H(X) = - \sum_{i=1}^n P(x_i) \ln(P(x_i))$$

- Shannon-Index

# Efficiency

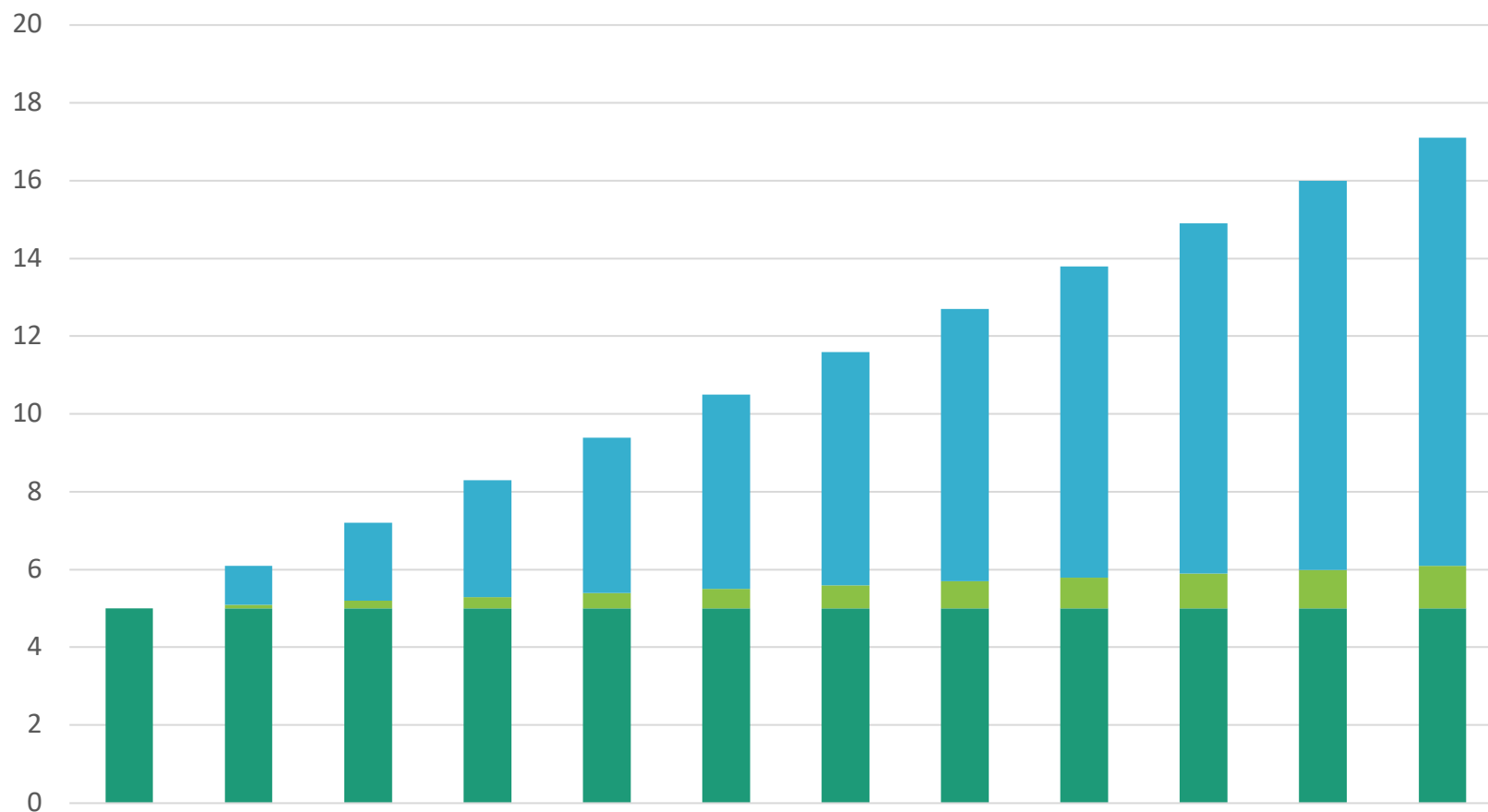
- Maximal Entropy at uniform distribution 15<sup>th</sup>

$$H(X) = - \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{n} \cdot \ln(1/n) = \ln(n)$$

- Normalised entropy

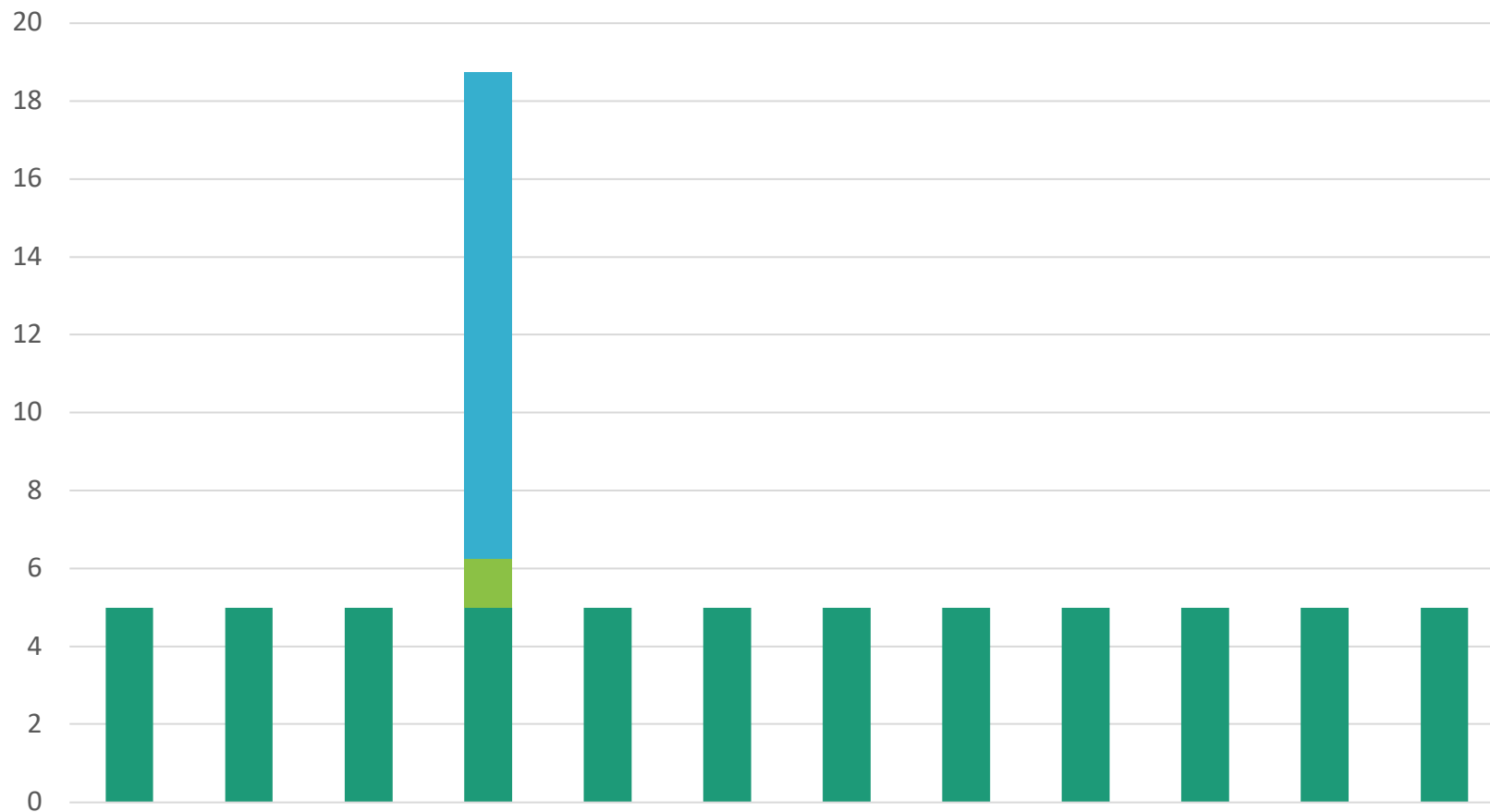
$$\eta(X) = \frac{H(X)}{\ln(n)}$$

# Relation entropy / variance



<b>Var(X)</b>	<b>H(X)</b>
0.00	0.00
0.13	2.48
15.73	2.48

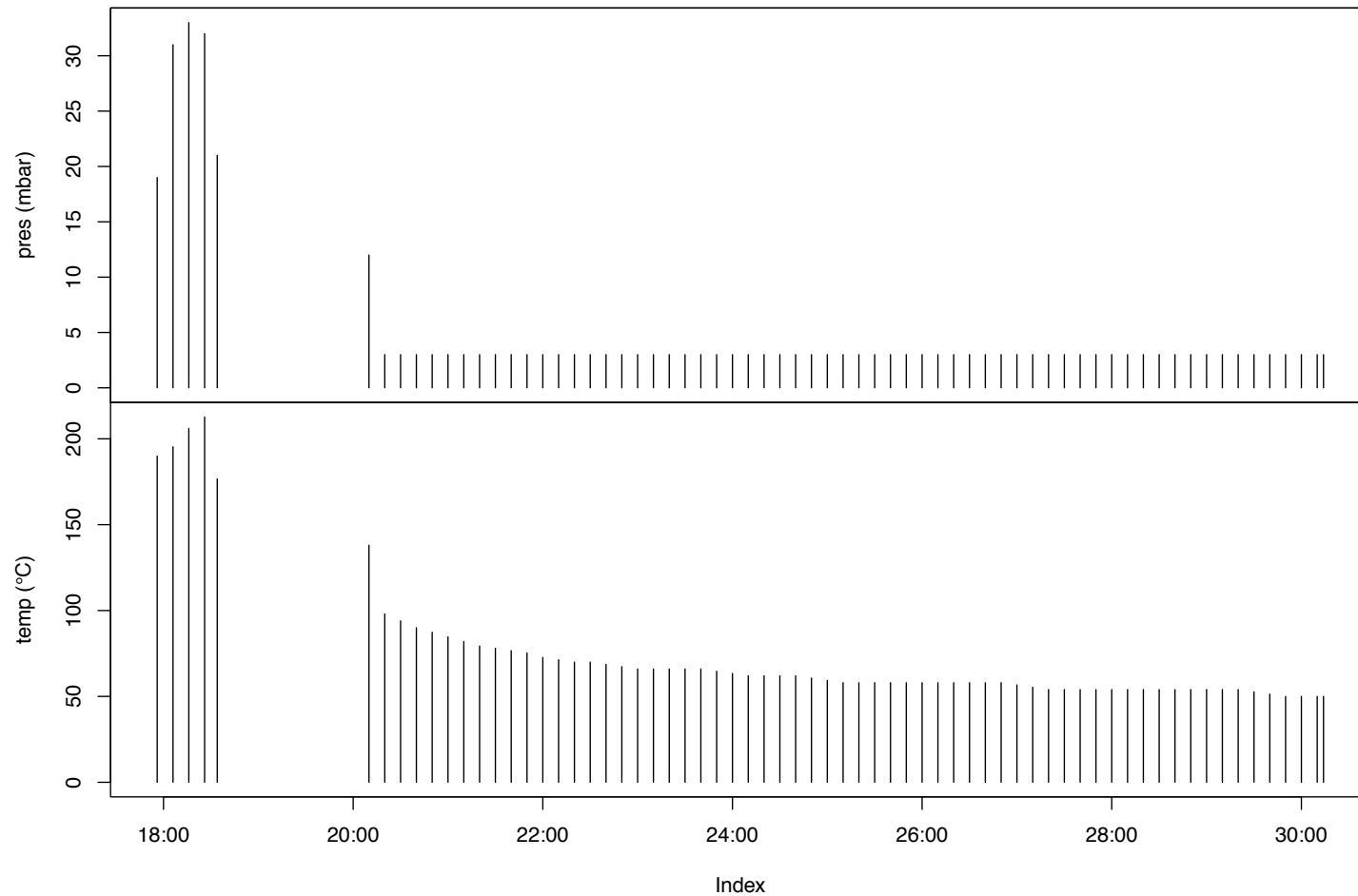
# Relation entropy / variance



<b>Var(X)</b>	<b>H(X)</b>
0.00	0.00
0.13	0.29
15.73	0.29

# Real-world measurements

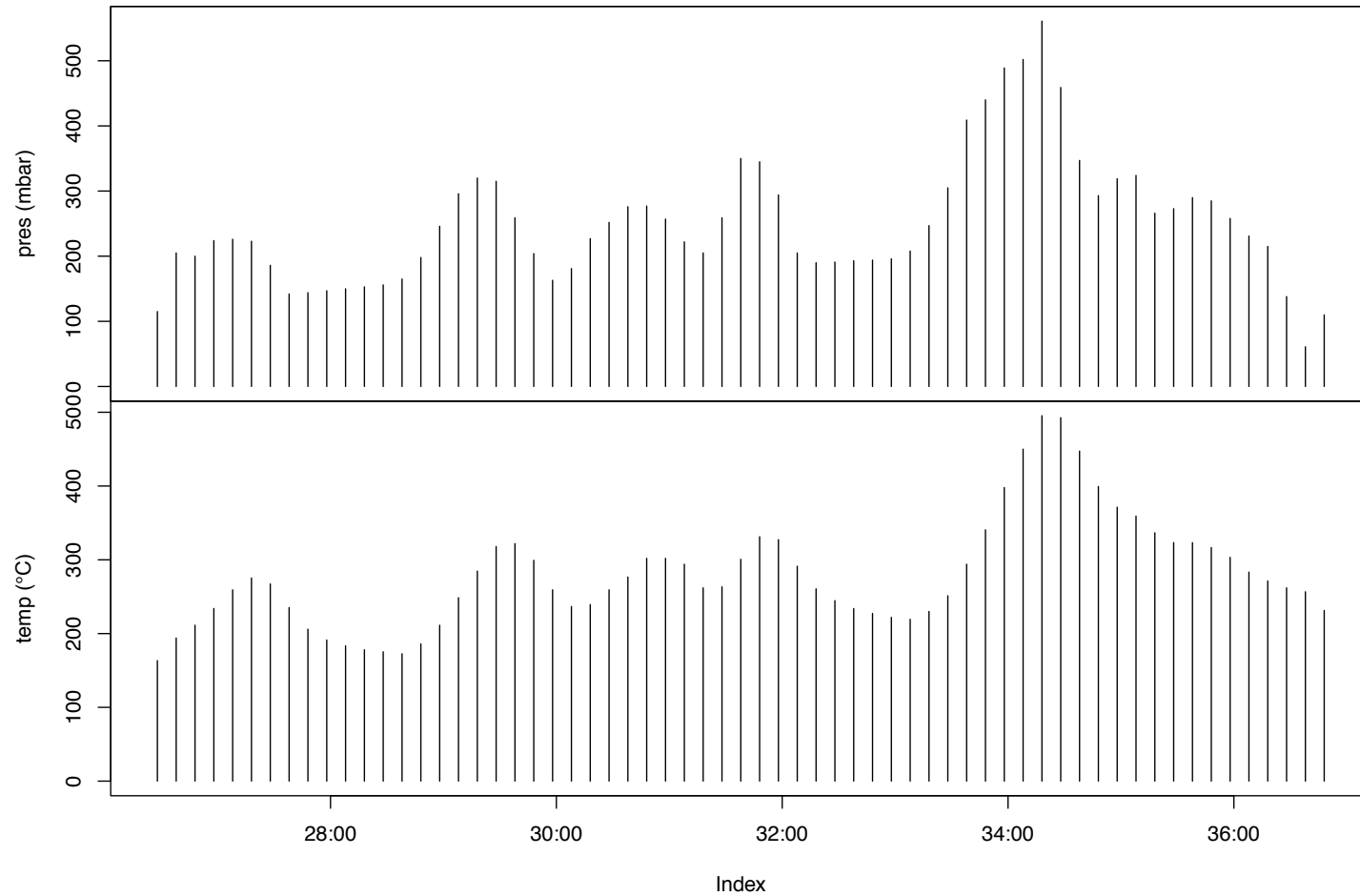
12.11.2014 09:17:56 – 12.11.2014 09:30:14



$$\eta(X) = 0.1098669$$

# Real-world measurements

01.11.2014 19:26:28 – 01.11.2014 19:36:48



$$\eta(X) = 0.982062$$



# Current state and outlook

- 20 data series
- > 19 mil. data points
- Further working and faulty series as reference data
- Which predictors?
- Which characteristics?

