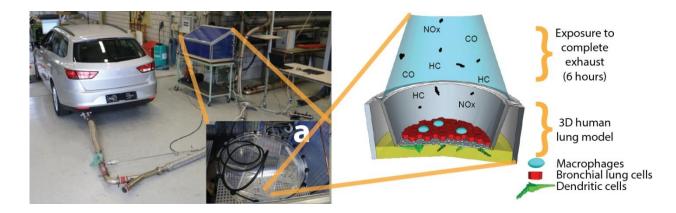




Berner Fachhochschule Haute école spécialisée bernoise Bern University of Applied Sciences

Lung cell responses upon diesel and GDI vehicle exposures VERT Focus event

March 16th 2018 christoph.bisig@unifr.ch



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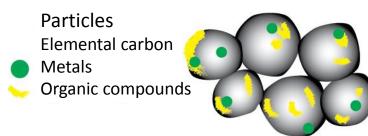


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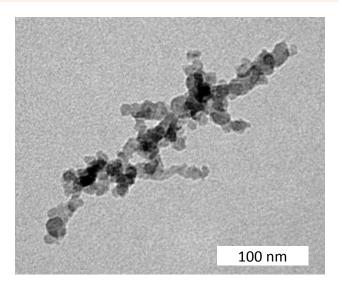


Main sources of air pollution in cities

Diesel Exhaust	Gasoline exhaust
Numerous studies since 1980s	Few studies
Adverse effects known	Not much known
25 % of passenger cars (CH ¹)	75 % of passenger cars (CH ¹)
Efficient exhaust after-treatment systems	Particle number emissions high (new technology GDI vs new diesel)



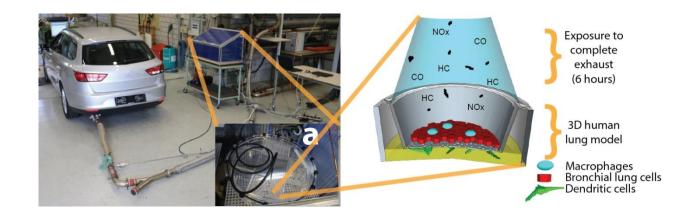
Gases Carbon monoxide (CO) Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Hydrocarbons (HC)

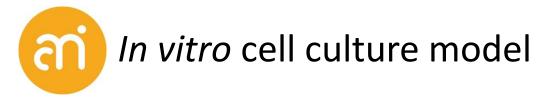


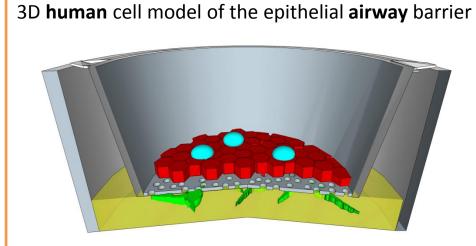
¹ Bundesamt für Statistik. «Mobilität und Verkehr 2013» GDI: gasoline direct injection



- Aim: study adverse effects from different gasoline engine exhaust types
 - Only one parameter (fuel, filter) changed at a time
 - Comparison to a suitable reference vehicle
 - Exposure to human lung cells in vitro
- Hypothesis: also gasoline car exhaust leads to adverse effects in human lung cells.



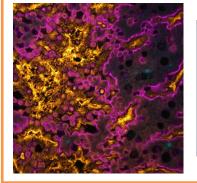


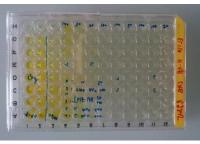


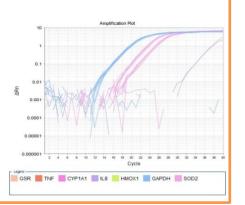
References co-culture model: Rothen-Rutishauser B, et al., 2005. Am. J. Respir. Cell Mol. Biol Blank F, et al., 2006. J Aerosol Med Blank F, et al., 2007. Am. J. Respir. Cell Mol. Biol

Macrophages (from human blood)
 Bronchial epithelial cells (16HBE14o- cell line)
 Dendritic cells (from human blood)

In vitro testing strategy:









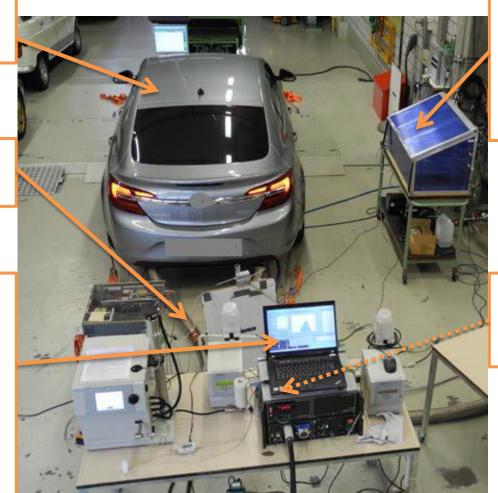
Exhaust generation

- 4 cars tested

Exhaust collection - At tailpipe

Exhaust characterization

- Online
- Particles (condensation particle counter)
- Gases (NO_x, CO, CO₂, THC)

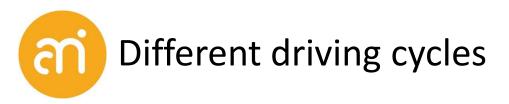


Exhaust exposure to cells

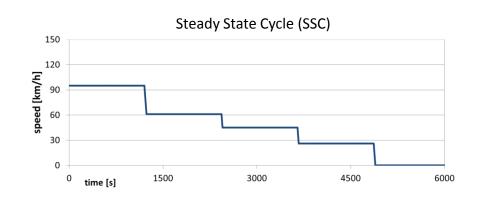
- T = 37 °C
- $CO_2 \operatorname{conc} = 5 \%$
- rH = 70-90 %
- Flow = 2 L/min

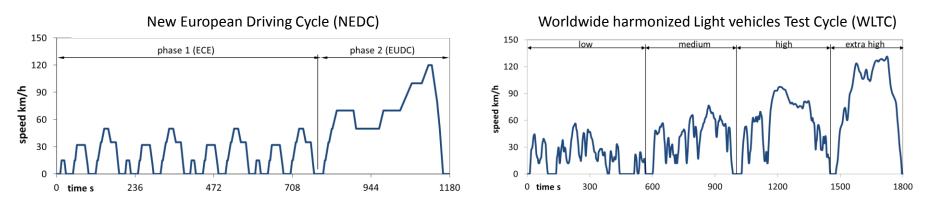
Exhaust dosing

- 1:10 dilution
- 6 hrs









Different driving cycles → different exhaust emissions

Tested vehicles and parameters



• Cycle: NEDC

Parameters:
 Filter (Uncoated GPF)

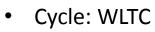


- Cycle: SSC, WLTC
- Parameters:
- Filter (Uncoated GPF, coated GPF) Ethanol (0%, 10%,

85%)

Repeated exposure





• Parameters: Unfiltered only



GDI3

- Cycle: WLTC
- Parameters:

Lubrication oil addition (high ash and low ash)

Abbreviations:

GDI: Gasoline Direct Injection
GPF: Gasoline Particle Filter
NEDC: New European Driving Cycle
SSC: Steady State Cycle
WLTC: Worldwide harmonized Light
vehicles Test Cycle

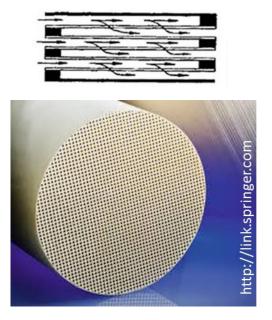
Publications:

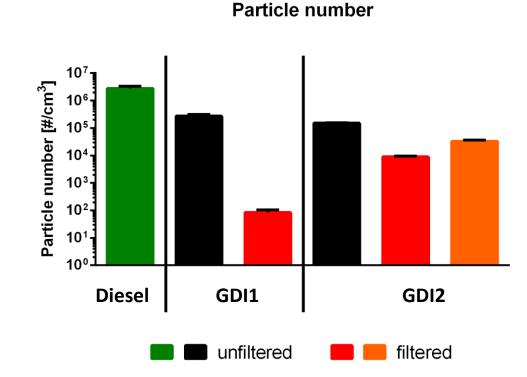
Bisig C, et al., **2015**. Emission Ctrl Sci and Tech; Bisig C, et al., **2016**. Env Research;

Bisig C, et al., **2018**. Env Pollution;



Wallflow Filter

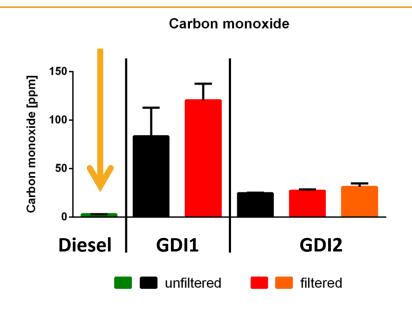


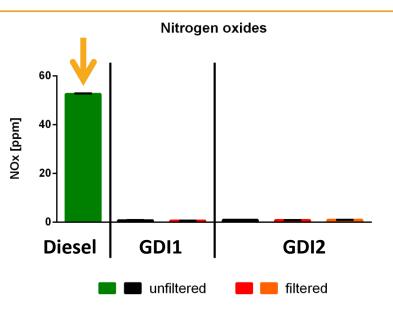


WLTC: Worldwide harmonized Light vehicles Test Cycle NEDC: New European Driving Cycle PN: Particle Number Principle Wallflow Filter: www.auto-umwelt.at

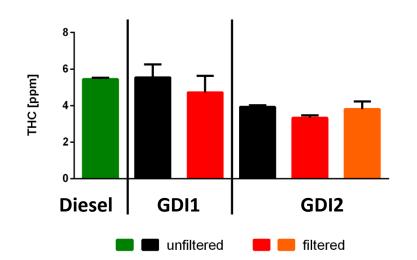
- Higher PN in Diesel exhaust
- Lower PN in filtered exhaust
- 8 Bisig C, et al., 2015. Emission Ctrl Sci and Tech; Bisig C, et al., 2016. Env Research; Bisig C, et al., 2018. Env Pollution;







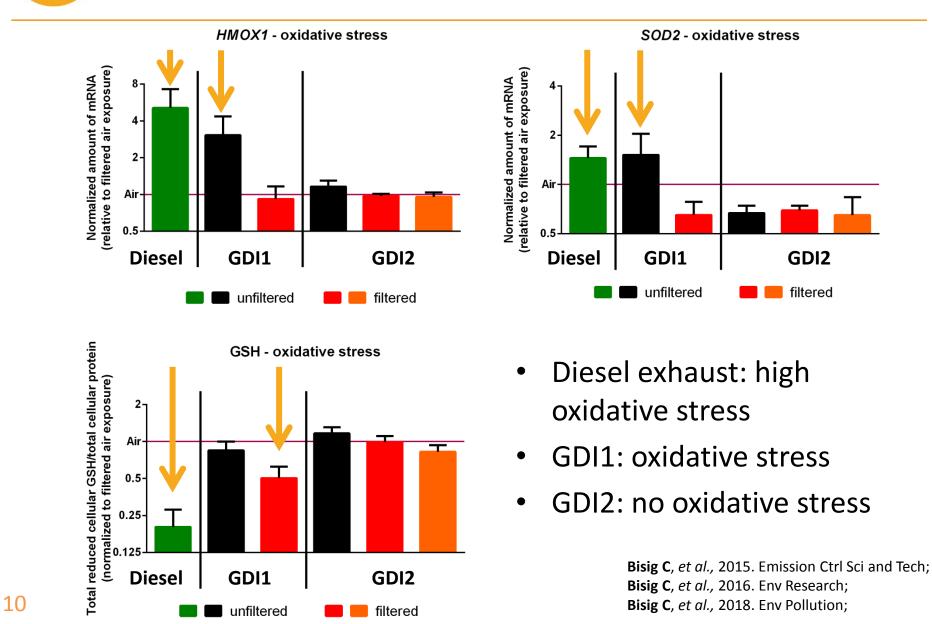




- Diesel: low CO but high NO_x
- GDI1/2: higher CO, low NOx
- Hydrocarbons: at the same level

Bisig C, et al., 2015. Emission Ctrl Sci and Tech;
Bisig C, et al., 2016. Env Research;
Bisig C, et al., 2018. Env Pollution;

Onfiltered vs. filtered gasoline exhaust



Tested vehicles and parameters









• Cycle: NEDC

Parameters:
 Filter (Uncoated GPF)

- Cycle: SSC, WLTC
- Parameters:
- Filter (Uncoated GPF, coated GPF) Ethanol (0%, 10%, 85%)

Repeated exposure

- Cycle: WLTC
- Parameters:
 Unfiltered only

- Cycle: WLTC
- Parameters:

Lubrication oil addition (**high ash** and **low ash**)

Abbreviations:

GDI: Gasoline Direct Injection
GPF: Gasoline Particle Filter
NEDC: New European Driving Cycle
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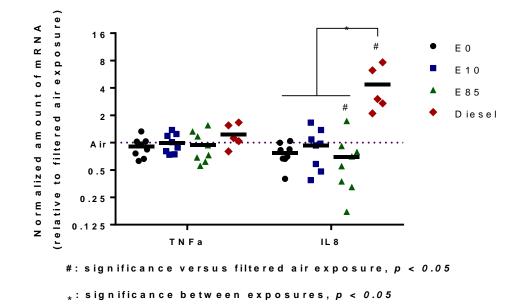
Publications:

Bisig C, et al., **2015**. Emission Ctrl Sci and Tech; Bisig C, et al., **2016**. Env Research;

11 Bisig C, et al., 2018. Env Pollution;



• Ethanol is widely used as a fuel-supplement (e.g. USA, Brazil)



 No adverse cell responses in exhausts of gasoline-ethanol blends Tested vehicles and parameters









• Cycle: NEDC

Parameters:
 -Filter (Uncoated GPF)

- Cycles: SSC, WLTC
- Parameters:

-Filter (Uncoated GPF, coated GPF) -Ethanol (0%, 10%, 85%)

-Repeated exposure

Publications:

Bisig C, et al., **2015**. Emission Ctrl Sci and Tech; Bisig C, et al., **2016**. Env Research;

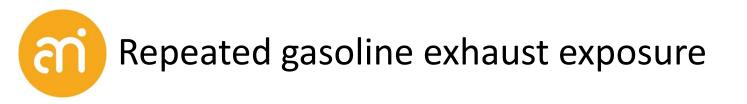
13 Bisig C, et al., 2018. Env Pollution;

- Cycle: WLTC
- Parameters:-Unfiltered only

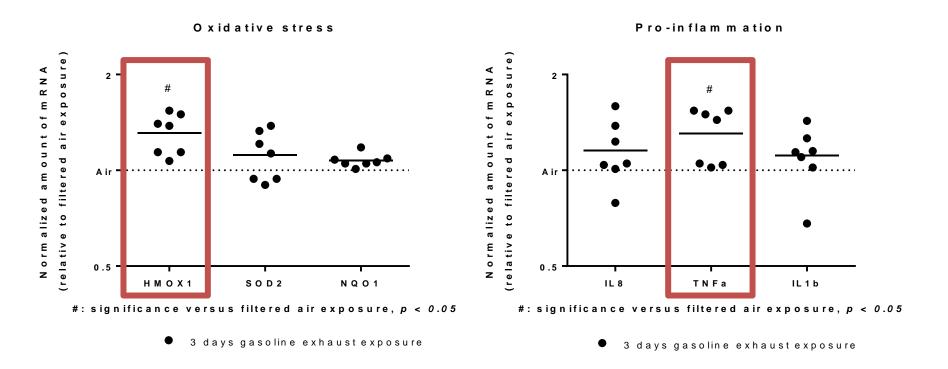
- Cycle: WLTC
- Parameters:
- -Lubrication oil addition (**high ash** and **low ash**)

Abbreviations:

GDI: Gasoline Direct Injection
GPF: Gasoline Particle Filter
NEDC: New European Driving Cycle
SSC: Steady State Cycle
WLTC: Worldwide harmonized Light
vehicles Test Cycle



• 3 x 6h exhaust exposure (unfiltered exhaust)

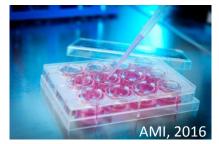


- Indications for oxidative stress and pro-inflammation compared to filtered air exposure
- 14 Bisig C, et al., 2018. Env Pollution;



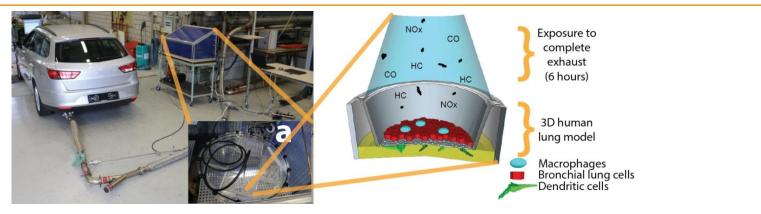
Marker	Diesel unf.	GDI1 unf.	GDI1 uncoat. GPF	GDI2 unf.		GDI3 unf.	GDI3 Lube-oil
Particle number [#/cm ³]	~10 ⁶	~10 ⁵	~10 ²		~10 ⁵	~10 ⁵	~10 ⁶
CO [ppm]	~3	~80	~120		~25	~20	~50
NOx [ppm]	~50	~1	~1		~1	~1	~1
Cytotoxicity (LDH)	(个)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Morphology (Microscopy)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oxidative stress (PCR, GSH)	\uparrow	\uparrow	(个)	-	(个)	-	-
Pro-inflammation (PCR)	\uparrow	-	-	-	(个)	-	-
Mutagenicity (DNA adducts)	-	Not performed		-		Not performed	

- Adverse effects influenced by vehicle
- Filter not sufficient for complete exhaust detoxification
- Particle number not the only important exhaust parameter



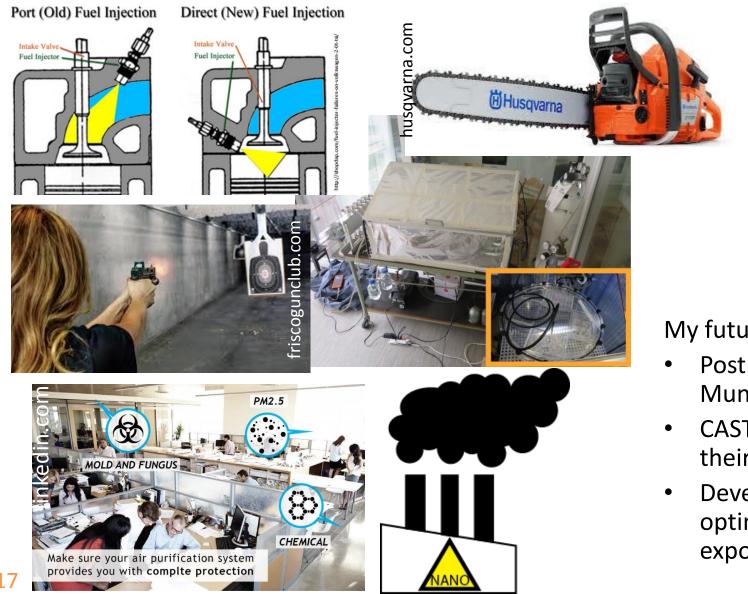
15 Bisig C, et al., 2015. Emission Ctrl Sci and Tech; Bisig C, et al., 2016. Env Research; Bisig C, et al., 2018. Env Pollution





- The presented exposure system allows to assess the *in vitro* effects of the complete exhausts with reproducible and reliable results
- Main results
 - Adverse effects are influenced by vehicle, particle filter, and driving cycle
 - Gasoline exhaust induced less effects in vitro compared to diesel exhaust
 - A gasoline particle filter is **not sufficient** for exhaust detoxification
 - Ethanol-supplemented fuel did not induce adverse effects and might be a good compromise (fossil fuel vs renewable energy)
 - Repeated exposure was successful, but longterm (> 3 days) are necessary to assess adverse effects of car exhausts





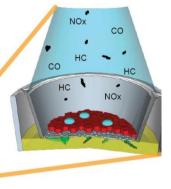
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My future:

- PostDoc Mobility in Munich
- CAST Aerosols and their toxicity
- Development of an optimized in vitro exposure protocol

Thank you for your attention









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