# **VERT®** Filter List

VERT® certified ® Particle Filter Systems for Combustion Engines

**November 2018** 

#### Legal status

This VERT® Filter List is an international industrial standard; this standard has however become a legally binding code in many countries for different applications where authorities require "Best Available Technology".

#### **Imprint**

#### Publisher

VERT® Association, a non-profit organization registered in Switzerland, Kanton Aargau. Trade Registry is no CH-400.6.031.438-9. VERT® aims to establish the Best Available Technology BAT for combustion engine exhaust emission control, both retrofits and original equipment as well as to assure best retrofit practice for retrofit and quality control. VERT® holds the following trademarks: VERT®, VERT®-certified, VERT®-DPF

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<sup>\*)</sup> Acronyms see chap. 5

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#### **Preface**

Worldwide efforts, to curtail particle emissions from combustion engines, have produced a plethora of technologies. Not all of them are Best Available Technology as required by law to eliminate carcinogenic substances. The project VERT® had been the pioneer from 1993. The AKPF (Working Group for Particle Filters) subsequently collaborated with the regulatory authorities and industrial partners to formulate a set of criteria. These include highest requirements in filtering the alveoli-intruding solid particles, preventing secondary emissions, guarantee dependability and cost effectiveness of the systems and assure best retrofit practice. VERT® only approves systems, which comply with the BAT definition and are proven in field deployment; both new and retrofitted older deployed Diesel engines.

High filter quality also results in cost effectiveness because it diminishes treatment costs for many serious ailments. These include cancer, cardiovascular, allergies, asthma and probably even Parkinson's, Alzheimer's and other widespread diseases. VERT® is highly committed to implement the latest medical and scientific findings. The filter approval criteria will be periodically adapted to reflect technological advances. Hence, this filter list will be updated twice a year.

The VERT® Association aims to provide methods to very efficiently combat both emission toxicity and black carbon induced global warming. Particle filters facilitate a sustainable environment.

Lars C.Larsen

President VERT® Association

#### Introduction

Nanoscale solid particles from combustion engines have long been classified "Toxic air contaminant TOC" in environmental legislation [1,2], but are now classified "carcinogen for human" by WHO in Juni 2012 [15]. Hence, it is mandatory to diminish those emission components using the best available technology. The VERT® Project [3] conducted comprehensive R&D and multi-year field testing of construction machines. The test proved functional particle filter systems having filtration rates exceeding 99% in the entire 20 – 300 nm range of alveoli intruding particles. Meanwhile, there are about 500,000 particle filter systems (PFS) retrofitted and 120 million ex-factory fitted PFS in LD- and HD-vehicles. This comprehensively confirms filter efficacy. Highly efficient filtration of solid fine particles from engine combustion is an established technical standard [4].

Regulatory authorities, engine manufacturers and customers have a range of expectations from such retrofit PFS. The VERT® partners therefore have defined specifications and criteria [5], which are based on a broad consensus for evaluating PFS as well as for matching filters to engines, installing and maintaining filter systems properly. These specifications and criteria are subject to progress, hence they have a dynamic character and they are therefore periodically updated to benefit from the latest scientific insights and technical advances.

Thorough investigation showed that not all PFS attained the best possible performance. Thus a suitability test became necessary. There are two special aspects of these suitability tests. First, these tests are confined to a single PFS, which is representative for a particle filter family of the same technology, and tested on an engine at highest space velocity. Second, these PFS must be tested for emissions in a range of operating conditions comprising new, soot loaded and regenerated, at steady-state as well as at transient operation, and during regeneration. Moreover, catalyst (coating and additives) promoted particle filter systems must be tested for toxic secondary emissions, defined as reaction products generated by the filter system. Finally, the PFS are retested after at least 2,000 hours of monitored real world deployment.

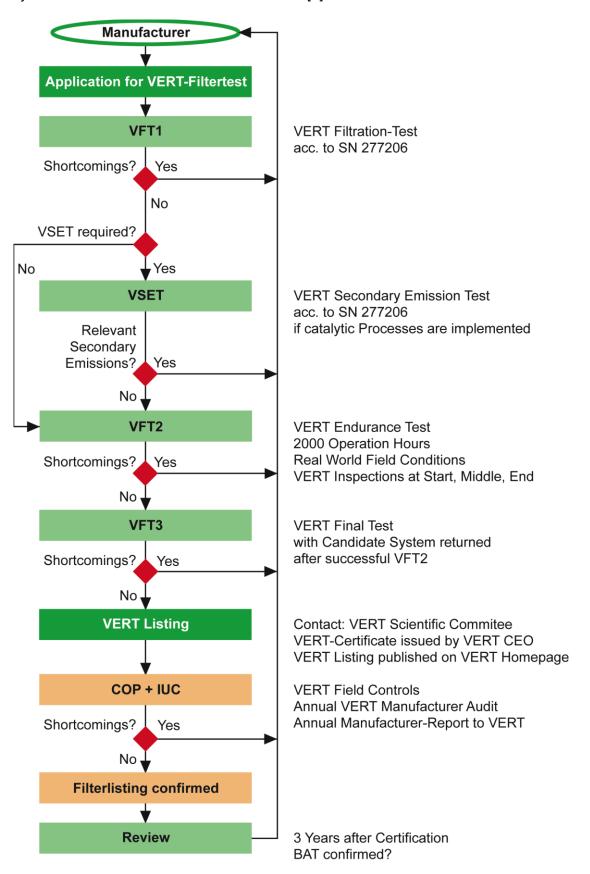
Only systems having successfully completed all VERT® suitability tests, are enrolled in this VERT® filter list and thus recommended for deployment. Successful completion of these tests on a test engine at highest space velocity, ensures that equally good filtration, without secondary emissions, are attainable for other engine applications, too. Effective regeneration under all possible operating conditions, however, is not proven by these tests and cannot be proven in this general sense. The regeneration procedure must therefore be selected and adapted for the specific deployment by the DPF retrofitter and he must guarantee for selecting a particular technology. Proper installation and maintenance are decisive for functionality; therefore VERT® has also established rules for best retrofit practice.

To designate machines fitted with approved filter systems, the VERT® Association provides a quality label with a running number. All such fitted vehicles and equipment are registered in a publicly accessible database containing the technical data obtained during filter commissioning. The manufacturer must perform spot checks on machines equipped with VERT® approved PFS. The inspection results shall be annually submitted to the VERT® Association. If the statistics show that more than 5% of the installed systems from a PFS family fail, then that PFS is deleted from the VERT® filter list. It can only be reinstated in the VERT® filter list after the necessary technical improvements and after successful retesting the suitability.

Enrolment in the VERT® filter list commits the PFS manufacturer to only market VERT® labelled technology that is identical with the scope of the suitability tests and the certified state. Moreover, the manufacturer must monitor the quality of the PFS in cooperation with his retrofitter enterprises and comply with the rules in this VERT® filter list. Infringements of this self-commitments may result in deletion from the VERT® filter list.

# 1. VERT® testing of particle filter systems

The VERT® filter test protocol, in place since 1997, is now codified by the Swiss Technical Standard SN 277206 [6]



#### 1.1. Particle filter systems for retrofitting

The VERT® tests are performed, according to the above scheme, on all PFS systems and components intended for retrofitting. Retrofitting is defined as fitting PFS to vehicles and equipment, which were type-tested without particle filters. Irrelevant is whether the retrofitting is done in the factory, at the vendor, by a retrofitting company or by the operators themselves. Also irrelevant is whether the engine is new or has been deployed for a long time.

Enrolment in the VERT® filter list is only possible after successful completion of the full VERT test, consisting of VFT1 + VSET (if applicable) + VFT2 + VFT3 according to SN277206, check of conformity with VERT-rules and final examination of the results by the VERT® scientific committee.

A similar procedure is performed for combined VERTdePN-systems, consisting of filters and NOx-reduction catalysts [13, 14]. They must successfully complete VPNT1, VPNT2, VPNT3 and VPNSET.

When retrofitted each system must perform a so-called VERT® acceptance test and a respective protocol (see appendix) must be completed and signed be vendor and buyer – see Appendix.

#### 1.2. Particle filter systems as original equipment

Alternatively, if the PFS is not tested as an individual component for retrofitting new or older Diesel engines, instead, the engine (vehicle) manufacturers themselves engineer the system component for original equipment or as integrated equipment, then the assumption is that the engine (vehicle) manufacturer performs meticulous and prolonged testing. Moreover, the manufacturers themselves ensure integration, guarantee filter/engine compatibility and provide the electronic monitoring of the entire system.

In this case too enrolment is only possible after successful completion of the VERT® test. When catalyst coatings or FBC are used, the secondary emission test VSET must be passed. Subsequently, the emission stability must be demonstrated during 2,000 hours deployment. For this purpose the certifying lab must seal the PFS in order to prevent tampering during probationary deployment. However all tests can be performed on the manufacturers test rigs, according to the European certification Directive 97/68/EC. The VFT2 test can be done on the test rig as well within the scope of the European Directive 2004/26/EC on emission deterioration factors.

#### 1.3. Re-certification after technical alterations

The PFS manufacturer must communicate all intended alterations of an enrolled PFS of component to the VERT® certification office. The VERT® certification officer then decides which tests ought to be repeated. [18]

The basic rules are as follows:

- If main components are altered, which impact the PFS filtration characteristics, then the entire test sequence VFT1–3 must be repeated.
- If catalytic components are altered, then the VSET must be repeated.
- If functional elements of the mechanical/electrical auxiliaries are altered, which could impact operational durability, then the VFT2 (deployment during 2,000 operating hours) and concluding VFT3 must be repeated.
- Minor alterations can be administratively approved.

## 1.4. Approval of filter media

For the VERT® testing of filter media, VFT1 test is sufficient, provided the filter media are not catalytic coated. Catalytic coated media must also pass the VSET secondary emissions test.

#### 1.5. Approval of regeneration additives

Mandatory is VFT1 plus VSET secondary emission test including a size-specific metal analysis of the emissions. Moreover, the additive must comply with valid European Directives on safety and environmental compatibility.

Further aspects with respect to the additive dosing system, safety on board and monitoring are comprehensively defined in the VERT® FBC-System Specification [7].

#### 1.6. Approval of OBM units

All filter systems (except filters for short duration use – so called snap-on-filters) must have on-board electronic monitoring OBM of back pressure and temperature. The prerequisites for approval are conformity inspection and endurance test according to the VERT® OBM-System-Specification [8]. Endurance test shall be combined with a VFT2 filter test during at least 2000 hours of operation with subsequent functional verification.

Filters for short duration use, which cannot be regenerated, only need a pressure indicator which might be mechanic or electronic. Recommended are peak-storing instruments.

#### 1.7. Verification of conformity after 3 years

At latest 3 years after granting VERT® certification, the PFS must be re-certified proving conformity with the prevalent BAT and Directives. If the PFS does not comply, then the manufacturer has 1-year time to improve the PFS. Compliance must be established by partial or complete retesting of the PFS.

Compliance verification can be confined to a "review", if field experience and technical data indicate successful operation and conformity with the then valid BAT.

Otherwise, supplementary tests can be requested.

# 1.8. PFS manufacturers' responsibility

First enrolment in the VERT® filter list is based on passing the VERT® suitability tests. To remain enrolled the named PFS manufacturer must identify all delivered PFS with the VERT®-label and perform the VERT® acceptance tests and accept responsibility for the quality of all PFS delivered to correspond to the tested and approved technology and to be fitted and maintained in accordance with the VERT® rules. Furthermore the manufacturer must prove on an annual basis that failure rate in the field of each of his filter families does remain below 5 % for all filters not older than 5 years.

# 1.9. Non-transferability of the VERT® certificate

The VERT® certificate is issued to a named PFS manufacturer. The PFS manufacturer cannot reassign the VERT® certificate to another manufacturer, or to the manufacturer's vendors and sales agents.

# 2. VERT® PFS - Approval Criteria

#### 2.1. Curtailing particle emissions by Particle count PC

 Filtration rate for solid particle number PCFE as defined by UN-ECE PMP according to EC-regulation 715/2007 [10], must be attained in average of all operating points, for all size classes throughout the particle size range 20-300 nm.

From year	A	В	С
	2000	2007	2016
New state	≥95%	≥97%	≥98%
2000 hrs.	≥90%	≥97%	≥98%

 PCFE during regeneration the criterion is the ratio of averaged values during the whole regeneration process as specified by SN-277206 Regeneration time < 3 % operation time</li>

	1	2	3
From year	2010	2012	2016
New state	≥ 60%	≥ 70%	≥80%
2000 hrs.	≥ 60%	≥ 70%	≥80%

 Overall PN-peak reduction during free acceleration ≥ 95% The criterion is the ratio of the peak values Measurement as specified by SN 277206

## 2.2. Legislated emission limits

Compared to the baseline engine values, no increase of the limited emissions CO, HC, NOx and PM is permissible in the test cycle weighed average. During filter regeneration limited emissions shall not be higher than engine baseline emissions.

# 2.3. Secondary emissions

Secondary emissions are all compounds which were not present in significant concentrations in the exhaust gas of the base engine before retrofit. Formation of relevant amounts of such toxic reaction products is not permitted following [12, 13].

Compared to baseline engine values, no relevant increase of the following toxic emission components is permissible in the treated exhaust gas after the PFS:

- Gaseous secondary emissions: principally NO2, Dioxins and Furans, PAH and Nitro-PAH
- Aerosols of sulfuric acids
- Metal oxides (e.g. ash particles from additives, engine wear, lube oil additive packages)
- Mineral fibre emissions in the WHO defined size range L<3 μm; D<5 μm</li>
- Limit Values for NO2

Average  $NO_2$  increase over engines baseline due to catalytic conversion of engine-out NO shall not exceed 20 % in relation to NO upstream filter for all systems certified from 2016. This value shall be determined as per SN 277206 .

Α	В	С
No limit	ΔNO <sub>2</sub> /NO<20%	NO2/NO<5%

• Filter systems converting engine-out NO into NO2 can only be used in environments where the concentration of NO2 in ambient air is well below the locally valid air quality limits.

Relevance of other secondary emissions

Increase of trace substances like Dioxins, Furans, PAH, Nitro-PAH and metal oxide particles < 400 nm are deemed "relevant" when the exhaust gas after the PFS exhibits concentrations, exceeding thrice the engine emission without PFS, at the same operating points supported by statistic significance of the respective measurement repetitions.

#### 2.4. Pressure loss

Fresh filter:
 < 50 mbar at high idle</li>

Regeneration threshold: < 150 mbar</li>

Maximum soot + ash burden:
 < 200 mbar (95% percentile)</li>

Alarm episodes > 5 sec above 200 mbar

 Special cases: If tolerated by the operator and the engine manufacturer, a pressure loss of maximum 300 mbar can be accepted at maximum soot+ash burden. Engines with uncontrolled EGR shall not be operated against more than 120 mbar back-pressure, the permissible level might be even lower and must be agreed upon by the engine manufacturer and the operator.

#### 2.5. Additive dosage

Automatic with interrupt if filter ruptures. See VERT® FBC-System specifications [7].

#### 2.6. Function monitoring OBD

See VERT® OBC-System specifications [8]

- Continuous electronic monitoring of backpressure and exhaust temperature
- Measurement every second, storage on 1 minute base
- Alarm signal and alarm logging when maximum back-pressure is exceeded.
- Additive (if used): dosage shut off automatically when filter damage is detected.
- Special situations: For PFS which are externally regenerated or replaced for regeneration as well as for temporary filters (so-called snap-on filters), the electronic monitoring can be substituted. Permitted is instead a simple pressure gauge with visual or acoustic alarm.

In case the operator does not properly react to the alarms, the OBD-system shall activate an automatic safety feature, which might be torque reduction, re-start limitation of even engine shut-off

#### 2.7. Noise Attenuation

Attenuation must be at least equivalent to the muffler replaced. For comparison near field measurement is specified [11].

# 2.8. Durability, Maintenance and Warranty

Life expectancy > 5000 operation hours
 Usable hours until cleaning > 2000 operation hours

Maintenance interval > 500 operation hours

Guarantee on materials and function > 2 years or 1000 op. hours (whichever is earlier)

### 2.9. Labeling

Main and auxiliary components of the PFS must carry an identification plate in a manner that is durable, unambiguous and legible. This is necessary to determine the filter family clearly in a unique manner and must also contain at least the certification identity, serial number, manufacturing data for quality control and the flow direction. The information on this plate must be identical with the certification data in the VERT® filter list; especially the certification identity.

In addition each vehicle retrofitted with VERT® approved PFS shall carry a green VERT® label with an individual running number to be identified for the VERT® data base.

#### 2.10. Flow direction

Flow direction through the PFS must be indicated clearly with an arrow see 2.9. Moreover, unidirectional design must prevent reversed mounting of the filter element.

#### 2.11. Safety

The PFS must be mounted according to the manufacturer's instructions such that no additional risks occur. The assembly must comply with the legislation on health, safety and visibility in the country where the PFS is deployed. Surface temperature requirements must be respected. Heat shielding is recommended and spark arrestors shall be used whenever the filter is operated under fire risk environmental conditions e.g. in forests or indoors.

#### 2.12. Bypass

Bypass arrangements, which permit circumventing the filter during excess back-pressure, are generally impermissible. Both manual and automatic bypass are prohibited.

#### 2.13. Diagnosis access

Access to the mounted PFS is required to measure the raw emissions for engine diagnosis and to determine the filtration efficiency in situ if requested. For this purpose, the filter casing or exhaust pipe must have, upstream of the filter element, a diagnose access of minimum 40 mm inner diameter if opacity is to be measured and >8mm inner diameter if PN and gases are to be measured.

#### 2.14. Cleaning and disposal

The filter element requires periodic cleaning from ash residues and the element must be eventually disposed off. Only methods that are environmentally acceptable, VERT®-approved and declared in the application documents for the VERT® certification test of the filter system shall be used for cleaning and disposal. The trapped residues are toxic waste. These must be carefully collected and, if in small quantities, disposed together with other industrial waste in a waste incinerator. The local authorities decide how large quantities shall be disposed. Workers must be protected from exposure to fine dust during cleaning and disposal.

# 2.15. Substituting mufflers for PFS

Employing so-called muffler modules instead of PFS (e.g. during PFS maintenance or filter cleaning) is only permissible with the approval of the regulatory authorities. The only permitted muffler modules are those that are tested during the VERT® certification, described in the test reports and clearly identified as such.

# 2.16. Technical reporting the retrofit

The retrofit DPF must be vibration decoupled from the engine and gas-tight upstream the PFS. An installation report must be prepared for each retrofit and signed by the retrofitter and the vehicle owner. See appendix VERT®-acceptance test report and <a href="www.vsbm.ch">www.vsbm.ch</a>. The retrofitted vehicle or equipment must display a VERT® Label with an individual running number, see Appendix. The installation report must be submitted to the VERT® coordination office for registration in the VERT® database.

# 2.17. COP = Conformity of Production

Responsibility of the manufacturers and subject to an annual VERT® audit procedure. The rules, for manufacturing quality control, are still to be defined.

### 2.18. IUC = In Use Compliance Tests

Responsibility of the manufacturers and subject to an annual VERT® audit procedure. The rules for periodic field testing of the PFS, are still to be defined.

#### 2.19. PTI = Periodic Technical Inspection

From 1.Jan. 2019 VERT® retrofit filters are subject to periodic technical inspection once per year. At least PN-concentration must be measured at low idle speed with warmed up engine and compared to the acceptance test data (see Appendix 11.1.). A conformity factor of 1.5 is permitted. Any higher number requires search of a possible failure either engine failure or filter failure [16, 17] and immediate repair or replacement. Check on gaseous emissions is also recommended.

#### 2.20. Local Approval

In markets where the operating conditions are very different from Swiss standards with respect to altitude, humidity, fuel sulfur content and other crucial operation parameters, a VERT® certified DPF-system is subject to an additional test VFT4 = local approval test with endurance testing during at least 500 operation hours with one representative filter running up tp max. space velocity SV. [19]

#### 2.21. Operation Manual

Each filter retrofitted must be accompanied by an operation manual in the language of the country where the filter is used. This manual must contain all information on functional, maintenance and safety issues, cleaning procedures and responsibility statements.

#### 2.22. Impact on Energy Consumption

The overall energy impact of the PFS including all effects of back pressure and regeneration integrated over the life cycle must remain below 3 %.

## 2.23. Criteria for VERTdePN-Systems in addition to 2.1-2.20

- NOx Reduction
- NH<sub>3</sub>-emission < 25 ppm</li>
- N<sub>2</sub>O-emission < 10 ppm

	Α	В	С
New state	≥85%	≥75%	≥65%
1000 hrs.	≥75%	≥65%	≥55%

# 3. VERT® List of approved systems and components

# 3.1. Particle filter systems for prolonged deployment

		Suita	ability	test		Statu	s	Certif	icate
MANUFACTUPFS Type: F: R1: K:	JRER PFS family Filter medium Regeneration method 1 Electronic monitoring unit	VFT1	VFT2	VFT3	VSET	PCFE see 2.1	NO <sub>2</sub> see 2.3	Number	Date
AGD PFS Type: F: R: K:	DIS CORNING DuraTrap <sup>®</sup> CO Catalytic Coating PDL.V3.3	B106/05.02	B196/12.06	B196/12.06	B114/03.03	С	А	B196/12.06	18.03.2010
AIRMEEX PFS Type: F: R1: R2: K:	CARMEX SC IBIDEN SiC wallflow filter FBC satacen (Fe) FBC satacen 3 (Fe) AIRMEEX DTL 3600	B148/08.04	B171/11.05	B171/11.05	B043/09.97	С	СС	B171/11.05	18.03.2010
AIRMEEX PFS Type: F: R: K:	CARMEX CSC CORNING DuraTrap® CO Catalytic Coating AIRMEEX DTL 3600	B206/09.07	B280/03.10	B280/03.10	B233/05.08	С	A	B280/03.10	22.07.2010
ASEC PFS Type: F: R: K:	STARFILTER SiC cell filter Cat.Coat.with Recuperation Dyntest	B225/06.08	B281/05.10	B282/05.10	B282/06.10	С	С	B281/05.10	22.07.2010 30.03.2016
BAUMOT PFS Type: F1: F2: R: K:	BAB/BA CORNING DuraTrap <sup>®</sup> CO NGK DHC-558 Cordierite Catalytic coating DYNTEST AML V3.0	B210/12.07	B219/05.08	B219/05.08	B215/04.08	С	А	B219/05.08 B432/02.16	18.03.2010 30.03.2016
BERSY PFS Type: F: R: K:	BPF-DOC Liqtech SiC cell filter CAM-FBC / satacen ® Pirelli Ambiente	B165a/00.05	B199a/04.07	B199a/04.07	B179a/04.06	С	A	B199a/04.07	18.03.2010

		Suita	ability	test		Status		Certif	icate
MANUFACTU	IRER								
PFS Type:	PFS family								
F:	Filter medium			_	<u> </u>	E 1	2.3	Number	
R1:	Regeneration method 1	VFT1	VFT2	VFT3	VSET	PCFE see 2.1	NO <sub>2</sub> see 2	шn	Date
K:	Electronic monitoring unit	>	>	>	>	P S	Z %	Z	D
BERSY		22			90			2	
PFS Type:	BPF	B165a/00.05	B200a/04.07	B200a/04.07	B179a/04.06			B200a/04.07	18.03.2010
F:	Liqtech SiC cell filter	ja/C	)a/(	)a/C	)a/(	С		)a/(	3.2(
R:	CAM-FBC (Fe) / satacen ®	165	200	200	178		В	200	3.03
K: CDTi	Pirelli Ambiente								
PFS Type:	PURIFILTER®	B132/04.03	B133/04.03	B133/04.03	B138/09.03			B133/04.03	10.04.2014
F:	SiC: Ibiden, Pirelli, Liqtec	/04	/04	/04	60/	В		/04	ı.20
R:	Catalytic Coating Pt	32	33	33	38		Α	33	0.0
K:	DYNTEST AML V3.0	B,	Ä	B,	B,			B,	10
CDTi PFS Type:	Combifilter® Type V								
Fro Type.	Corning Dura TrapTMCO	B021/12.05	B049/05.98	B049/05.98		Α		B049/05.98	114
R1:	Electric in situ at standstill	/12	/05	/05			CC	40/	.20
R2:	Exchange Filter	)21	946	946			С	949	10.04.2014
K:	DYNTEST AML V3.0	BC	BC	BC	l i			BC	10
CDTi PFS Type:	Combifilter® Type K18								
Fro Type.	SiC IBIDEN, Pirelli, Liqtec	.02	.02	.02		Α		.02	14
R1:	Electric in situ at standstill	11	/11	11		' '	С	/11	.20
R2:	Exchange Filter	B118/11.02	B118/11.02	B118/11.02			СС	B118/11.02	10.04.2014
K:	DYNTEST AML V3.0	<u>B</u>	9	<u>B</u>				B	10
CDTi PFS Type:	Purifilter EGR								
F1:	Liqtech SiC wallflow 150 cpsi	.08	.15	.15	1.	Α		.15	)15 )15
F2:	Pirelli SiC wallflow 150 cpsi	9/09.08	0/04.15	0/04.15	4/11.14			0/04.15	).20 .20
R:	Catalytic Coating + Pre-Cat	36	100		B404		Α	110	28.06.2015 09.11.2015
K:	DYNTEST AML V3.0	B23(	B41	B41	B <sub>4</sub>			B41	28 09
DAUGBJERO	2.4/9	က							
PFS-Type:	SCAN-Filter	2.0	.08	.08	0.			.08	110
F:	Ligtech Sic cell filter	a/1	/02	/02	11	С		/02	.20
R:	FBC Pt Plus DFX (Ce, Pt)	B140a/12.03	B211/02.08	B211/02.08	B083/11.00		В	B211/02.08	10.10.2010
K:	Daugbjerg PF-101-3000	B 1	BŽ	BŽ	BC			Bž	10
DCL									
PFS Type:	MINE-X SOOTFILTER	.03	.08	.08	.08			.08	110
F:	CORNING DuraTrap® CO	/04	/08	/08	/0/	С		/08	3.20
R:	Catalytic Coating	B129/04.03	B230/08.08	B230/08.08	B231/07.08		Α	B230/08.08	8.03.2010
K:	DYNTEST AML V.3.0	<u>B</u>	B2	B2	B2			BZ	18
DCL									
PFS Type:	Titan™ and BlueSky™								
F:	IBIDEN SiC cell filter	0	8	8	26	С		8	
R1:	Replace Filter	7.0	2.0;	2.0;	39.		С	2.0;	010
R2:	Electrical in-situ standstill	3/0	2/0,	2/0,	B043/09.97		000	2/0,	3.2
R3:	FBC satacen 3; EOLYS (Ce)	B078/07.00	B125/02.03	B125/02.03	B0,		C	B125/02.03	8.03.2010
K:	DCL AF01	Δ	Δ	Δ				Ω	<u> </u>

		Suita	ability	test		Statu	S	Certif	icate
MANUFACTI PFS Type: F: R1: K:	URER PFS family Filter medium Regeneration method 1 Electronic monitoring unit	VFT1	VFT2	VFT3	VSET	PCFE see 2.1	NO <sub>2</sub> see 2.3	Number	Date
DINEX PFS Type: F: R1: R2: K:	DIPEX (DPX1 and DPX2) CORNING DuraTrap® CO Cat. Coating = BASF DPX1 Cat.Coating. = BASF DPX2 DinLog, Dyntest	B106/05.02	B160/03.05	B160/03.05	B114.04/03	С	A A	B160/03.05	18.03.2010
DINEX PFS Type: F: R1: K:	DiSiC catalysed DINEX DiSiC cell filter Cat. Coating Dinex X25 DinLog, Dyntest	B220/05.08	B269/11.09	B269/09.09	B232/08.08	С	A A	B269/09.09	18.03.2010
EHC PFS.Type: F: R: K:	EHC PF LiqTech SiC cell filter Catalytic Coating DYNTEST AML V3.0	B235/09.08	B289/08.10	B289/08.10	B264/08.09	С	Α	B289/08.10	10.10.2010
ELRINGKLIN PFS Type F: R: K:	IGER DIS SiC HUG 100 cpsi Catalytic coating+HC-dosing DYNTEST AML V3.0	B216/06.08	B351/02.13	B351/02.13	B229.07.08	С	В	B351/02.13	10.04.2014
EMINOX PFS Type: F1: F2: F2. R1: K:	DPF-CRT™ CORNING DuraTrap® CO CORNING DuraTrap® AC Cats & Pipes Cordierite Catalytic Coating Eminox ESI	B112/04.03 B113/04.03	B180/05.06	B180/05.06 B384/07.14	B113/10.02	С	Α	B180/05.06 B384/07.14	18.03.2010 15.08.2014
EMINOX PFS Type: F: R1: K:	DPF-FBC LiqTech SiC cell filter FBC satacen 3 (Fe) Eminox REBE0156	B140/11.03	B167/10.05	B167/10.05	B043/09.97	С	С	B167/10.05	18.03.2010
F2 EMINOX PFS Type: F: R1: R2: K:	DPF-FBC active LiqTech SiC cell filter FBC satacen 3 (Fe) on board electric Eminox REBE0156	B140/11.03	B244/12.08	B244/12.08	B043/09.97	С	СС	B244/12.08	18.03.2010

		Suita	ability	test		Status		Certif	icate
MANUFACTU PFS Type: F: R1: K:	JRER PFS family Filter medium Regeneration method 1 Electronic monitoring unit	VFT1	VFT2	VFT3	VSET	PCFE see 2.1	NO <sub>2</sub> see 2.3	Number	Date
EXOCLEAN PFS Type: F: R1: R2: K:	EXOCLEAN Ibiden SiC cell filter Catalyst fuel combustion FBC: EOLYS (Ce/Fe) SITA MOS	B147/07.04	B153/03.05	B153/03.05	B156/03.05	С	A C	B153/03.05	18.03.2010
HJS PFS Type: F: R1: R2: R3: R5: K:	SMF®-AR HJS sinter metal filter SMF® active FBC HJS F51 active FBC HJS I50 passive FBC HJS F51 Passive FBC HJS I50 HJS-ECU V1.36	B155/04.05	B195/12.06	B195/12.06	B043/09.97 FMPA 167985	В	0000	B195/12.06	18.03.2010
HJS PFS Type: F: R1: R2 K:	SMF®-FBC HJS sinter metall filter SMF® passive FBC HJS F51 passive FBC HJS I50 HJS-ECU V1.36	B021/02.95	B049/05.98	B049/05.98	B043/09.97 FMPA 167985		CC	B049/05.98	18.03.2010
HJS PFS Type: F: R: K:	CRT <sup>®</sup> CORNING DuraTrap <sup>®</sup> CO Cat, Coating V1.43se; E13 039918	B053/4.98	B097/10.01	B097/10.01	B111/10.02	С	А	B097/10.01	18.03.2010
HJS PFS Type: F: R: K:	SMF®-CRT® HJS-Sintermetall Filter Catalytic Coating V1.43se; E13 039918	B155/04.05	B159/04.05	B159/04.05	B111/10.02	В	A	B159/04.05	18.03.2010
HJS PFS Type: F: R: K:	SMF®-ER SMF Sintermetall Filter Off-line thermic or mechanic Manometer with peak value storage	B155/04.05		-		В	С	B155/04.05	25.09.2015

		Suita	ability	test		Statu	S	Certif	icate
MANUFACTU PFS Type: F: R1: K:	JRER PFS family Filter medium Regeneration method 1 Electronic monitoring unit	VFT1	VFT2	VFT3	VSET	PCFE see 2.1	NO <sub>2</sub> see 2.3	Number	Date
HUG PFS Type: PF: R1: R2: R3: K1	mobiclean S (nauticlean; combikat) HUG SiC cell filter Cat.Coating (base metal) Cat.Coating (precious metal) Diesel burner HUG integrated with burner DYNTEST AML V3.0	B216/06.08	R3:B168/08.05 R1.2:B227/07.08	R3: B168/08.05 R1.2: B227/07.08	R1:B157/04.04 R2:B229/07 08	С	CAC	R3: B168/08.05 R1,2: B227/07.08	18.03.2010
HUG PFS Type: PF: R1: R2: R3: K1:	mobiclean R HUG SiC cell filter Cat.Coating (base metal) Cat.Coating (precious metal Diesel burner HUG integrated with burner DYNTEST AML V3.0	B216/06.08	R3:B168/08.05 R1.2:B228/07.08	B168/08.05 2: B228/07.08	3157/04.04 3229/07 08		C A C	R3: B168/08.05 R1,2: B228/07.08	18.03.2010
HUG PFS Type: F: R: K:	mobiru Fiber woven filter system Diesel idle burner HUG integrated with burner	only	9/11.0 station	nary		Α	С	B099/11.01	18.03.2010
HUSS PFS Type: F: R: K:	MA-Serie IBIDEN or CDC SiC FBC satacen 3 (Fe) HUSS integrated	B105/04.02	B203/05.07	B203/05.07	B043/09.97	С	С	B203/05.07	18.03.2010
HUSS PFS Type: F: R1: R2: K:	SK or W IBIDEN or CDC SiC Electrical at standstill Replace Filter HUSS ECU	B105/05.02	B105/05.02	B105/05.02		С	CC	B105/05.02	18.03.2010
HUSS PFS Type: F: R: K:	MK IBIDEN or CDC SiC Diesel burner at standstill HUSS integrated	B109/7.02	B131/4.03	B131/4.03		С	С	B131/4.03	18.03.2010

		Suita	ability t	test		Statu	S	Certif	icate
MANUFACTU PFS Type: F: R1: K:	JRER PFS family Filter medium Regeneration method 1 Electronic monitoring unit	VFT1	VFT2	VFT3	VSET	PCFE see 2.1	NO <sub>2</sub> see 2.3	Number	Date
HUSS PFS Type: F: R: K:	ME IBIDEN or CDC SiC Electrical at standstill HUSS integrated	B105/04.02	B188/09.06	B188/09.06		С	С	B188/09.06	18.03.2010
HUSS PFS Type: F: R: K:	MD IBIDEN or CDC SiC Catalytic fuel combustion HUSS ECU	B212/02.08	B274/01.10	B274/01.10	B233/08.08	С	В	B274/01.10	18.03.2010
HUSS PFS-Type F: R K	MC CDC SiC cell filter Catalytic coating, passive HUSS Datlogger	B245/12.08	B343/11.12	B343/11.12	B265/08.09	С	В	B343/11.12	10.04.2014
INTECO PFS Type: F: R: K:	ECOPUR K xx yy Metal fiber fleece FBC satacen 3 INTECO	B082/10.00	B124/02.03	B124/02.03	B043/09.97	В	С	B124/02.03	18.03.2010
JOHNSON M PFS-Type F1: F2: R1: R2: R3: R4: K:	ATTHEY DPFi/DPFis/DPF-CRT® CCRT® / CSF NGK Cordierit 200 cpsi CORNING DuraTrap® AC DOC / Cat. Coating Electric at Standstill FBC satacen (Fe) FBC EOLYS (Ce) PIO-CAN	B059/06.99 B328/02.12	B090/04.01 B443.12.15	B090/04.01 B443.12.15	EMPA 167985	СС	ACCC	B090/04.01-03.12 B443/12.15	02.04.2012 15.12.2015
JOHNSON M PFS-Type F1: F2: R: K:	ATTHEY DPF BU NGK Cordierit 200 cpsi CORNING DuraTrap <sup>®</sup> AC Full-Flow Burner PIO-CAN by JM	B361/06.13	B498/10.17	B498/10.17		СС	С	B498/10.17	04.03.2018
KRONE PFS Type F: R: K:	Krone DPF SMF®-MR Filter Metal Substrate Offline Regeneration Peak pressure manometer	B415/05.15				С	С	B415/05.15	28.06.2015

		Suita	bility	test		Statu	S	Certif	icate
MANUFACTU PFS Type: F: R1: K:	JRER PFS family Filter medium Regeneration method 1 Electronic monitoring unit	VFT1	VFT2	VFT3	VSET	PCFE see 2.1	NO <sub>2</sub> see 2.3	Number	Date
LIEBHERR PFS Type: F: R: K:	LH DPF System R01 CORNING DuraTrap® CO100 Cat. Coating = BASF OBD Liebherr Data Logger	B136/09.02	B192/11.06	B192/11.06	B137/09.03	С	Α	B192/11.06	18.03.2010
LIEBHERR PFS Type: F1: F2: R: K	LH DPF System R02 CORNING DuraTrap® AC-200 NGK DHC-558-200 Catalytic Coating BASF OBD: Liebherr Data logger	B314/09.11 B328/02.12	B336/08.12	B336/08.12	B137/09.03			B336/08.12	14.01.2013
LINDE-STILL PFS Type: F: R: K:	-EBERSPAECHER ZSB NGK Cordierite Diesel burner at standstill integrated	B273/03.10	B275/03.10	B275/03.10		В	С	B275/03.10	18.03.2010
PHYSITRON PFS Type: F: R: K:	DPX1 CORNING DuraTrap® CO Catalytic Coating DYNTEST AML V3.0	B106/05.02	B123/02.03	B123/02.03	B114/04.03	С	Α	B123/02.03	01.08.2014
PHYSITRON PFS Type: F: R: K:	DPX2 CORNING DuraTrap® CO Catalytic Coating DYNTEST AML V3.0	B106/05.02	B136/09.03	B136/09.03	B137/09.03	С	Α	B136/09.03	01.08.2014
PHYSITRON PFS Type: F: R1: R2: K:	Physitec SiC-B; SiC-CB Ibiden-SiC; Liqtech SiC Diesel burner at standstill Catalytic Coating DNY / MultiControlBox	B132/04.03	B270/11.09	B270/11.09	B138/09.03	С	СВ	B270/11.09	18.03.2010
PIRELLI PFS Type: F: R: K:	FeelPure-DOC Pirelli & C.Eco Techn. CAM-FBC (Fe) Pirelli & C.Eco Techn.	B165/09.05	B199/04.07	B199/04.07	B179/04.06	С	С	B199/04.07	18.03.2010

		Suita	ability	test		Statu	S	Certif	icate
MANUFACTU PFS Type: F: R1: K:	JRER PFS family Filter medium Regeneration method 1 Electronic monitoring unit	VFT1	VFT2	VFT3	VSET	PCFE see 2.1	NO <sub>2</sub> see 2.3	Number	Date
PIRELLI PFS Type: F: R: K:	FeelPure Pirelli & C.Eco Techn. CAM-FBC (Fe) Pirelli & C.Eco Techn.	B165/09.05	B200/04.07	B200/04.07	B179/04.06	С	С	B200/04.07	18.03.2010
PIRELLI PFS Type: F: R: K:	FeelPure AR Pirelli & C.Eco Techn. CAM-FBC (Fe) Pirelli & C.Eco Techn.	B165/09.05	B279/03.10	B279/03.10	B179/04.06	С	С	B279/03.10	18.03.2010
PROVENTIA PFS Type: F: R: K:	PROAIR DPFP FB Liqtech SiC cell filter FBC satacen 3 (Fe) Dyntest	B140a/12.03	B267/10.09	B267/10.09	B043/09.97	С	С	B267/10.09	18.03.2010
PURItech PFS Type: F: R1: R2: K:	DAS-DBS NOTOX-SiC; LIQTEC-SiC Catalytic combustion FBC satacen 3 (Fe) PURItech Zentraleinheit	B224/06.08	B278/03.10	B278/03.10	B217/04.08	С	вс	B278/03.10	18.03.2010
PURItech PFS Type F: R1: K:	DPF-1/2, DPFN, DPFN+ Cordierite, 200 cpsi Catalytic Coating PURItech Zentraleinheit	B314/09.11	B322/02.12	B322/02.12	B323/02.12	С	В	B322/02.12	01.03.2012
TEHAG PFS Type: F: R: K:	CWF CORNING DuraTrap® CO Catalytic Coating Dyntest	B222/06.08	B254/02.09	B254/02.09	B246/12.08	С	В	B254/02.09	18.03.2010

# 3.2. On-board monitoring (OBM)

	Suitability test	Certificate		
MANUFACTURER Type	Number	Number	Date	
CPK AUTOMOTIVE Electronic DPF Monitor & Control Dyntest V .4	B311	B311/06.11	30.6.2011	
DEC De-Tronic	B327	B327/01.12	22.03.2012	
ESW Filter-Monitor: MLC 6 Firmware: CS6	B452	B452/04.15	30.04.2016	
MANN + HUMMEL ECU No. 1083898S01	B330	B330/03.12	20.03.2012	

# 3.3. Particle filter systems for short duration usage

		Suitability test Certificate			
MANUFACTU Type F: R: K:	JRER Filter medium Regeneration method OBM electronic PFS monitoring	Number	Number	Date	
ARPA-ER-EN PFS Type: F: R: K:		B151	B151/02.05	18.03.2010	
Baumüller PFS-Type F: R: K:	BP 450-8 Glass fiber fleece Disposal as industrial waste Peak pressure manometer	B175 B407	B175/12.05 B407/01.15	Dez.2005 28.06.2015	
DT PFS Type. F: R1: R2: K:	TWPF Ceramic / wire knit Catalytic coating Hot air blower, external Peak pressure manometer	B128a	B128a/07.04	18.03.2010	

		Suitability test	Certificate			
EHC PFS Type: F: R2: R1. K1: K2:	HT Micro Glass Fiber Media Incineration (ind.waste) Disposal as industrial waste Electric backpress. control Peak pressure manometer	B135 B416	B135/10.03 B416/06.15	18.03.2010 14.12.2015		
EHC PFS Type: F: R: K:	L20/P15 Micro Glass Fiber Media Incineration (ind.waste) Manual backpress. control	B272	B272/03.00 B416/06.15	18.03.2010		
HSE PFS Type: F: R: K:	MF 180 / MF 100 Pleated Glass Fiber Media Incineration (ind. waste) Manual backpress. control	B277	B277/03.10	18.03.2010		

# 3.4. Particle filter media

		Suitability test	Certificate	
	MANUFACTURER F: Filter medium		Number	Date
CDC-GmbH F:	SiC cell filter, 200 cpsi	B212	B212/02.08	18.03.2010
CORNING F:	CORNING DuraTrap® CO Cordierite cell filter. 100 cpsi	B066	B066/02.00	18.03.2010
CORNING F:	CORNING DuraTrap <sup>®</sup> AC Cordierite cell filter, 200 cpsi	B314	B314/09.11	30.09.2011
GUIZHOU HUF:	JANGDI HuangDi R-SiC DPF	B479	B479/02.17	28.02.2017
HUG F	HUG SiC cell filter	B216	B216/04.08	18.03.2010
IBIDEN F1: F2:	SiC cell filter SiC cell filter	B062 B070	B062/10.99 B070/03.00	18.03.2010 18.03.2010
KHANCERA F:	KDB200N SiC – 200 cpsi	B312	B312/07.11	30.09.2011
LANDSON F	Filter Substrat LANDSON 200CPSI Re-SiC	B505	B505/12.17	10.01.2018
LIQTECH F1: F2:	SiC cell filter, 90 cpsi SiC cell filter, 150 cpsi	B140a B236	B140a/12.03 B236/09.08	18.03.2010 18.03.2010
NGK F:	DHC-558 Cordierite, 200 cpsi	B328	B328/02.12	29.02.2012
SAINT-GOBA F:	NIN SG3-A1 SiC, 191 cpsi	B293	B293/10.11	22.11.2011
YIXING F	Yixing Prince Ceramics Particle Filter Substrate PRINCE DPF FILTER	B518	B518/11.18	10.12.2018

# 3.5. Regeneration additive (FBC)

	Suitability test		
MANUFACTURER Name of the additive Active substance Maximum dosage	VSET	Number	Date
CDTi Platinum Plus® DFX-DPF Active substances Ce+Pt Dosage max 7.5 mg Ce + 0.5 mg Pt/kg fuel	B083	B083/10.00	18.03.2010
INFINEUM Infineum F7990 Infineum F7991 Active substance Fe Dosage max. 25 mg/kg fuel	B101	B101/12.01	18.03.2010
INFINEUM Infineum F7993 Infineum F7994 Infineum F7995 Active substance Fe Dosage max. 25 mg/kg fuel	B202	B202/04.07	30.07.2016 09.02.2015 18.03.2010
INNOSPEC satacen® Dosage max. 25 mg/kg fuel	B043 EMPA 167985	B043/09.97	18.03.2010
INNOSPEC HJS F51 Active substance Fe Dosage max. 36 mg Fe/kg fuel	B043 EMPA 167985	B043/09.97	18.03.2010
INNOSPEC Mann+Hummel DT 7 Active substance Fe Dosage max. 36 mg Fe/kg fuel	B043 EMPA 167985	B043/09.97	18.03.2010
PIRELLI CAM-FBC Active substance Fe Dosage max. 20 mg/kg fuel	B179	B179/04.06	18.03.2010

# 3.6. Particle filter systems with sales volume < 50 p.a.

		Suita	Suitability test		Status		Certificate		
MANUFACT PFS Type: F: R1: K:	URER PFS family Filter medium Regeneration method 1 Electronic monitoring unit	/FT1	/FT2	/FT3	/SET	PCFE see 2.1	VO <sub>2</sub> see 2.3	Number	Jate

# 3.7. VERTdePN-Systems: Filtration + NOx-reduction

		Suita	ability	test		Stat	us		Certif	icate
MANUFACTURER S: F: N: R1: C1: K:	DePN-Systrem or Type: Filter substrate DeNOx substrate Regeneration method 1 Conversion method Electronic monitoring unit	VPNT 1	VPNT 2	VPNT 3	VPNSET	K <sub>NOx</sub> >75 / 65 / 55 %	NH <sub>3</sub> <20 / 30 / 40 ppm	N <sub>2</sub> O <10 / 20 / 30 ppm	Number	Date
DINEX S: F: N: R1: C1: K:	DiNOx-System DiSiC B269/09.09 HTAS Cordierite Catalytic Coating Vanadia + Adblue DinLog	B213/06.08	B313/08.11	B329/03.12	EMPA 206280/10.08	Α	Α	Α	B329/03.12	22.03.2012

# 4. Self commitments of VERT® certified Manufacturers & Retrofitters

A.Self-commitment of manufacturers of VERT® certified PFS:

- The PFS manufacturer commits to only sell VERT® certified PFS technology, which is identical with the certified state, as detailed described in his respective VERT® test reports.
- The PFS manufacturer commits to communicate all intended PFS alteration to the VERT® coordination office.
- The PFS manufacturer admits a VERT<sup>®</sup> Association officer to perform an annual quality audit.
- The PFS manufacturer controls the quality of his products in the field and submits complete information on failures annually to the VERT<sup>®</sup> coordination office.

#### B. Self-commitment of enterprises retrofitting VERT® certified PFS:

- Retrofitters must comply with the VERT® rules in this VERT® filter list
- Retrofitters must have a contractual relationship with the certified PFS
  manufacturer whereas. The PFS manufacturer is finally responsible for
  malfunction and liable for compensation also when the retrofitter is unable to
  settle the damage claims.
- Retrofitters must have their own workshop and trained employees to perform all necessary work for PFS installation, maintenance and repairs.
- Retrofitters must have officially calibrated measuring instruments for pressure and temperature control, particle emissions and noise emission,
- Retrofitters are capable of commissioning and of functional inspection of the PFS, compliant with all specifications and directives.
- Retrofitters shall enter into delivery contracts with their customers, promptly document all technical data, and grant their customers the VERT<sup>®</sup> specified guarantee for materials and function during at least 2 years.
- Retrofitters shall accept responsibility for damages consequent to PFS retrofitting. They are explicitly responsible for engine damage proven due to sustained back-pressure exceeding 200 mbar, provided the operator has done all necessary maintenance and did not ignore the alarms.
- Retrofitters shall document all retrofits on the one-page VERT<sup>®</sup> installation report, and send a copy of each such documents to the VERT<sup>®</sup> coordination office
- Retrofitters shall affix the pertinent VERT® quality label with their company identification and a running VERT® control number on each retrofitted machines.
- Retrofitters shall report all failures to their PFS suppliers.
- Retrofitters shall participate once a year at VERT® filter technology fresh-up course and delegate all employees who are actually doing the retrofit job to such a course.
- Retrofitters and manufacturers shall clearly identify VERT® certified products in their leaflets, sales communication and exhibition documents using the worldwide protected trademarks VERT®, VERT®-DPF, VERT®certified, whichever applies best.

# 5. Recognition of the VERT® filter list

The following organizations recognize the quality of VERT® tested PFS; some (\*) require VERT®-certification expressis verbis in their legal documents, listed either in this VERT® Filterlist or in the BAFU-Filterlist

Austria: AUVA\*, Tyrol, Vienna

Canada: DEEP\*Chile: MMT\*

China: VECC\*, BJ-EPB\*Colombia: SDA Bogotà\*

Denmark: DTI

England: LEZ LondonFrance: CRAMIF\*, INRS

Germany: BG BAU, UBA, TRGS\* Berlin

Hongkong: KBM, NWFB\*Iran: AQCC Tehran, DOE\*

Israel IMEP\*

Italy: South Tyrol

Mexico Ciudad: SEDEMA\*

Netherlands: VROM

New York: City\* + Port\*

Switzerland: BAFU\*, SUVA\*, ASTRA\*

• USA: CARB, MSHA\*

#### 6. VERT® accredited test centers

Generally PFS test reports are only accepted from the below listed VERT®-accredited test centres. Accreditation acc. to ISO/IEC 17025 ext. SN 277206 is a prerequisite. Those test results are the basis for granting PFS certification according to the VERT® criteria. Additional supporting data can be submitted with the request for enrolment in the VERT® filter list. Such evidence will be considered in deciding VERT® approval.

- AFHB, Laboratory for Exhaust Emissions Control, University of Applied Sc.BFH-TI Biel, Switzerland Prof. Dr. J. Czerwinski Gwerdstrasse 5 CH–2560 Nidau, Switzerland
- EMPA Dübendorf
   Dr. N.V. Heeb
   Überlandstrasse 121
   CH–8600 Dübendorf, Switzerland
- AVL MTC Motortestcenter AB for VFT1 Sten Boman
   P.O.Box 223
   SE-136 23 Haninge, Sweden
- Southwest Research Institute for VFT1
   Dr.Imad A.Khalek
   6220 Culebra Road
   San Antonio, TX 78238, U.S.A
- TÜV Technische Überwachung Hessen GmbH for VFT1, VFT2, VFT3 Karsten Mathies
   Werner-von-Siemens-Strasse 35
   D – 64319 Pfungstadt
- VETC Xiamen Environment Protection Vehicle Emission Control Technology Center Su Sheng, seainsu@hotmail.com
   5F, No.98 Jinlong Road, Jimei District, 361023 Xiamen China

# 7. Obtaining the VERT® certificate for manufacturing PFS

The PFS manufacturer should first contact an accredited test centre, or the VERT® coordination office, and get information and advice. VERT® coordination office can guide him through the process.

After successfully completing all necessary tests, the manufacturer shall submit the test reports to the VERT® coordination office. The application must be accompanied by a duly signed pledge to accept all self-commitments resulting from enrolment in the VERT® filter list.

The VERT® Scientific-Committee will scrutinize the request for enrolment in the VERT® filter list. After a unanimous decision of the 3-member VERT® Committee, a VERT® certificate will be issued. That is the basis for enrolment in the next update of the VERT® filter list.

The VERT® Scientific-Committee can demand additional testing of the PFS or its components. Possible reasons are: data inconsistencies and excessive scatter, suspected PFS deficiencies, emissions of previously unlisted toxins, discrepancies before and after durability testing, etc.

The same procedure is applicable when the VERT® certificate must be revised due to PFS functional or design alterations.

At latest 3 years after issuing the VERT® certificate, the VERT® Scientific-Committee must review the PFS quality, according to the same valid criteria. They can demand PFS improvements if the VERT® criteria have been modified since reflecting improved BAT-level. Those must be completed within 1 year for the PFS to remain on the VERT® filter list. Compliance verification can be confined to a "review", if the available or new technical data indicate conformity with the then valid criteria. Otherwise, supplementary testing can be demanded.

# 8. Address list

		Telephone
Filter Manufacturer	Address	Fax
		Email
	AGD Group GmbH	+49 172 1800663
AGD	Mario Scholz	Mario.scholz1@gmx.de
7.00	Stadtring Nordhorn 111	Wallo.bollol21@glilx.do
	D – 33334 Gütersloh	
	AIRMEEX S.A.	+33 (1) 69 52 96 01
AIRMEEX	H.Caliscan	+33 (1) 69 52 31 30
	6, rue de l'ancienne Sablière	hcaliskan@airmeex.com
	Z.I.de la Fosse Montalbot	
	F – 91270 Vigneux	
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#### 9. Acronyms

AUVA

• AEEDA Association Européenne d'Experts en Dépollution des Automobiles, elgium

AFHB Laboratory for Exhaust Emissions Control, University of Applied Sc. Biel

AKPF Working group particle filter manufacturer
 AQCC Air Quality Control Company, Tehran
 ASTRA Swiss Federal Roads Office (FedRo)

BAT Best Available Technology

BAFU Swiss Federal Office of the Environment (FOEN)
 BG BAU (formerly TBG) German Builders Association
 BJ-EPB Beijing- Environment Protection Bureau

Austrian occupational health agency

BUWAL Now known as BAFU (FOEn)CARB Californian Air Resources Board

CONAMA Comisión Nacional del Medio Ambiente – Chile
 CRAMIF Caisse régional d'assurance maladie d'île de France
 CRT Continuously Regenerating Trap. Johnson Matthey patent
 DEEP Diesel Emission Evaluation Program (Canadian mines)

DOE Department of Emissions, Tehran
 DTI Danish Technological Institute
 ECFE elemental carbon filtration efficiency

EMPA Swiss Federal Laboratories for Materials Testing and Research

ETH Swiss Federal Institute of Technology, Zurich
 IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

INRS Institut national de recherche de santé et sécurité au travail

LEZ Low Emission Zone

MMT Ministerio del Medioambiente de Chile
 MSHA US Mine Safety and Health Authority

ND no data

■ nm Nanometer = 10<sup>-9</sup> m

OBC on board control with logging and alarm functions

op.h. operating hours

PAH Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons
 PCFE particle counts filtration efficiency

PFS Particle Filter System

PM Particulate Matter = total particulate mass at < 52 °C,</li>

PN particle number [PN/cc; PN/km; PN/kWh]
 SN Swiss National Standard www.snv.ch
 SDA Secretaria del Abmbiente/Bogotá

SUVA Schweizerische Unfallversicherung / Swiss occupational health agency

TOC Toxic Air Contaminant

TRGS German technical directive on toxic substances
 TTM Technik Thermische Maschinen, Switzerland
 UBA German ministry of the environment, Berlin

UN-ECE-PMP UN-Economic Commission for Europe. Particle Measurement Program

VECC Vehicle Emissions Contreol Center / PR of China
 VERT® Project to curtail emissions at tunnel construction sites

Joint R&D project of the Suva + TBG + AUVA + BUWAL, 1994–99)

 VERT® Verification of Emission Reduction Technology; registered trademark of the VERT Association; www.VERT-certification.eu

VFT VERT® particle Filter suitibility Test

VFT1 VERT® Filtration Test

VFT1a
 VERT<sup>®</sup> Filtration Test for filters for short duration use

VFT2 VERT® monitored Filter Test during at least 2,000 real world operation

VFT3
 VERT® Filtration Test of PFS after successfully completing the VFT2

VFT4 VERT® local Approval Test

VFKT VERT® Test of electronic PFS monitoring
 VAST VERT® Test of additive (FBC) dosage system

VROM Netherlands Ministry of Housing, Spatial Planning and the Environment

VSET VERT® Secondary Emissions Test

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# 11. Appendices

# 11.1.VERT® Acceptance Test Report for PFS and PTI-Document

Particle filter	
Manufacturer (Brand)	
Number	
Type	
Identification (e.g. part number)	
Conformity number (VFT3 test number) Serial number	
Fitting Date	
Data logger	
Type	
Additive dosage system	
Type	
Vehicle / Machine	
Category (construction machine, bus,)	
Manufacturer	
Туре	
Manufacturing year	
Chassis number	
Engine	
Manufacturer	
Type	
Manufacturing year	
Rated power [kW]	
Operating hours or km driven before PFS fitting	
Measurements without PFS	
Opacity K-value [1/m] during free accel.	
Noise [dBA] in near-field 45°/0.5 m	
At engine RPM [1/min]	
Measurements with PFS	
Opacity K-Value [1/m] during free accel	
Check Gas Tightness upstream PFS	
Noise [dBA] in near-field 45°/0.5 m	
At engine RPM [1/min]	
Filter back-pressure [mbar]	
At RPM [1/min] and load [%]	
Opacimeter	
Manufacturer and Type	
Sound Level Meter	
Manufacturer and Type	
Test-Date and Responsibilities	
Test date	
Test center	
VERT® label running number	
Signature of the PFS retrofitter	
Signature of the FFS retionities	
Signature of the buyer/operator	
orginatare of the bayon/operator	

#### 11.2. Das VERT®- Gütesiegel



VERT® "Verification of Emission Reduction Technologies" ist seit dem internationalen VERT®-Projekt (Schweiz, Deutschland und Österreich) zur Einführung von Partikelfiltern am Arbeitsplatz 1993-98 der Begriff für nachgerüstete Partikelfilter höchster Abscheidung im Blick auf die kompromisslose Minimierung dieser kanzerogenen Schadstoffe von Verbrennungsmotoren in der Atemluft.

Das **VERT**® Gütesiegel, eingesetzt ab Sept. 2002 ist weltweit im Markt bekannt als Zeichen für Partikelfilter höchster Qualität und Zuverlässigkeit. Es ist inzwischen auf über 22'000 nachgerüsteten Dieselgeräten appliziert, mehrheitlich bei Baumaschinen in der Schweiz, aber auch in anderen europäischen Ländern, in USA, Kanada, Chile und China.

**VERT**<sup>®</sup> ist als Marke in allen wichtigen Industrieländern geschützt, auch als VERT<sup>®</sup>-DPF und VERT<sup>®</sup>-certified.

Das VERT®-Gütesiegel ist mit dem Namen des Filtersystemherstellers und einer Laufnummer ausgestattet, damit ist jeder nachgerüstete Filter individuell gekennzeichnet und sowohl für den Betreiber, als auch für den Hersteller und die Behörde verfolgbar. Die Randmarkierung dient zur Dokumentation des Nachrüstdatums.

Das Recht zur Verwendung dieses Gütesiegels haben nur Hersteller, deren Produkte nach dem weltweit strengsten Prüfverfahren für Partikelfilter, dem VERT-Zertifikationsverfahren geprüft wurden und auf der VERT-Liste aufgeführt sind – siehe www.VERT-certification.eu

Diese Prüfung setzt unter anderem voraus, dass die Filter sowohl im Neuzustand als auch nach einem Dauereinsatz in Feld über 2'000 Betriebsstunden einen Abscheidegrad von > 98 % für alle Partikel im alveolengängigen Grössenbereich 10-500 nm erzielen, dass sie keinerlei toxische Nebenprodukte emittieren, einen Gegendruck von < 200 mbar einhalten, das Geräuschniveau nicht und den Brennstoffverbrauch um nicht mehr als 2 % erhöhen. Weitere Forderungen bezüglich Funktion, Zuverlässigkeit, Lebensdauer, konstruktiver Ausführung, Bezeichnung, Wartung und Gewährleistung sind in der VERT®-Filterliste nachzulesen.

Träger der Zertifizierung ist der VERT®-Verein, NGO mit der Zielsetzung, die Minimierung der motorischen Emissionen nach BAT-Standard in Forschung und Anwendung weltweit zu fördern. VERT® delegiert die Prüfung der Filtersysteme im Labor und im Feld nach der Norm SN 277206, die VERT® zusammen mit Schweizer Behörden erarbeitet hat, an akkreditierte Labors wie AFHB-Biel, HTWD-Dresden, TÜV-Hessen, SWRI-San Antonio und andere. Die Prüfung der Konformität der Testergebnisse mit den VERT®-Qualitätsanforderungen obliegt dem unabhängigen Scientific Committee des VERT®-Vereins.

Diese Zertifizierung alleine aber genügt nicht für die Anwendung des VERT®-Gütesiegels. Vielmehr muss jeder Filter beim Einbau bezüglich Abscheidegrad, Gegendruck und Geräuschemission überprüft werden und alle Spezifikationen von Fahrzeug und Filter müssen im VERT®-Prüfprotokoll notiert und von Nachrüster und Betreiber durch Unterschrift bestätigt werden. Erst dann können die Daten in die öffentlich zugängliche VERT®-Datenbank übernommen werden und die Nachrüstung kann durch Behörden wie die Schweizer Strassenbehörde ASTRA freigegeben werden. VERT®, 28.5.2012

#### 11.3. Particle Filter Systems for Internal Combustion Engines

